THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper

In North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WE HELP YOU

Save Your Money.

There's a satisfaction in knowing that you are dealing with a reliable house, and that's how you feel when you go to BROWN'S. At least any old resident will tell you so.

Do You Want a Cloak or Cape?

We have secured another lot of those fine Plush Capes that were in such great demand last week. These Capes are made of the very finest Plush, in the latest shape, very full sweep, trimmed on rolling collar and front with Thibet, only $12.

You Must See

Those Beavers in Black and Tan Capes, Velvet Collars. Excellent shapes, 27 inches long, only $6.50.

HOSIERY.

Special sale of English Cashmere, Silk Plaited and Fleece lined winter weight Cotton Hose for

Ladies and Children.

Look at them. If we told you how good we think they are you'd think we are exaggerating.

If you have not examined our line of

Gents' Furnishings.

Unlaundered Shirts, Half-hose and Neckwear.

All Linen 3 ply Cuffs at 12½c pair.

Half-hose $1.75 dozen, blacks. Guaranteed stainless.

You have missed something.

Dress Goods!

Black Goods of such a reputable maker as Priestly ought to be eagerly sought for. We carry them and are offering some special bargains this week.

Eudora—Silk warp in black at $1.50.

Soleil—Has the effect of a Satin Duchess, 90c.

SPECIAL—Black Fancy Mohair at 50c a yard.

All Wool Basquette Flannel, reduced from 50c to 25c.

All Wool Sacking Flannels to close at 37½c.

Don't forget the Third Floor. It's full of sunlight when the sun's out.

Reliable Carpets.

We call special attention to our line of exclusive designs in Tapestry Brussels at attractive prices.

NEW WEAVE INGRAINS--One yard wide, reversible, equal in affect to a Brussels.

Among our BARGAINS (this week) we offer a large line of odd pieces and patterns at remnant prices.

Art Squares, all sizes.

A. D. BROWN'S,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 29 North Front St.

nov 24 tf

J. HICKS BUNTING,

Graduate in Pharmacy.

Prescription Specialist,

Foreign and Domestic.

Y. M. C. A. Building,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

HARMAN'S PRESCRIPTION BOOKS

nov 20 tf

Smoked Herrings.

300 boxes medium scaled Herring.
200 barrels Mullets.
400 bushels Corn.
100 bags Hudnut's Grits.
99 bags Coffee.
150 barrels Sugar.
Also Crackers, Cheese, Peanuts.

D. L. GORE,
120, 122, 124 North Water St.,
nov 17 tf Wilmington, N. C.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LVII.—NO. 55. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,914

THE MORNING STAR,
THE OLDEST
DAILY NEWSPAPER
IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
X	X	X	X	X	1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

Port Almanac—November 24.

Sun Rises	6.46 A
Sun Sets	4.48 P
Day's Length	10 h 08 m
High Water at Southport	1.50 A M
High Water at Wilmington	8 37 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 24.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 51°; 8 p. m., 62°; maximum, 69°; minimum, 47°; mean 58°.

Rainfall for the day .0; rainfall for the month up to date, 2.23.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina and South Carolina, fair weather; east to south winds.

The barometer has fallen rapidly on the Atlantic coast and slowly from Minnesota westward to Montana. It has risen rapidly in the central and Mississippi valleys and to the north of Dakota. It continues highest in the Rocky Mountain region and it is lowest in the lower St. Lawrence valley. It is warmer in the districts on the Atlantic coast and at northern Rocky Mountain stations. It is decidedly colder in the central Mississippi valley and the Southwest. Fair weather continues in the South Atlantic States and in the Northwest.

Generally colder weather and rain is indicated for the States of the lower Mississippi valley.

OUTLINES.

A caucus of Southern Republican Representatives will be held in Washington, Wednesday, to consider matters in connection with the organization of the House. —— The Administion decides upon a plan to replenish the gold reserve, —— Yale foot ball team defeated the Princeton team, and Harvard was defeated by Pennsylvania. —— The trouble in the shipbuilding yards on the Clyde and at Belfast will probably result in the sending of some prospective contracts to the United States and Germany. —— King Humbert, of Italy, the Shah of Persia and the Mikado of Japan are expected to visit England in the Spring. —— The latest advices received are that the Turkish revolutionary party is making headway against the Sultan. —— The South Carolina Convention changed the section in the proposed new Constitution so as to allow the family of the person lynched to recover $3,000 from the county, the county having recourse upon the lynchers; the Convention will probably complete its work Tuesday and go to Atlanta Wednesday. —— The body of a white woman was found in the ruins of a burned house near Hodges, S. C., and two negroes have been arrested charged with the murder, —— L. W. Perdue, a school teacher in Montgomery county, Ga., was taken from jail by a mob and lynched; he was charged with the seduction of one of his pupils. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1½@2 per cent.; cotton quiet—middling gulf 8 13-16c; middling 8 9-16c; Southern flour dull—common to fair extra $2.10@2.80; good to choice $2.90@3.80; wheat—spot dull and firmer; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 67½@67½c; afloat 68½@68¾c; corn dull and lower; No. 2 at elevator 36c; afloat 36¾c; spirits turpentine quiet and easy at 27¾@28c; rosin dull but steady—strained common to good $1 70@1.75.

Horseless carriages will stick in the mud, but so would any other carriage if it didn't have horse power enough before it.

An Indiana man is said to have fallen heir to $10,000,000. He hasn't yet announced himself as an aspirant to the United States Senate.

Denver, Colorado, is going wild over the discoveries of new gold deposits in the Cripple Creek region, of alleged fabulous richness, and the stocks are booming.

The King of Ashantee has tumbled to Great Britain's ultimatum. He was afraid he might lose his plug hat, which he wears for a crown, if there was a racket with John Bull.

Li Hung Chang has the reputation of being the richest man in China. He is also "Uncle" to more people than any other man in China. He runs nearly all the pawn shops.

One of the defeated candidates in New York has the satisfaction of reporting that he spent only twelve cents and that was for postage stamps. A candidate who is as niggardly as that in the use of postage stamps ought to be licked.

Countess Jourdes and her daughter "blew in" $60,000 at Monte Carlo, and then they did another foolish thing by poisoning themselves. But when a woman gets to fooling with Monte Carlo, there is no telling what she may do next.

One of the best tributes ever paid to Allen G. Thurman, and one which he will appreciate, was paid recently by ex-Senator Edmundswhen he said, among other creditable things, "He was brave in his convictions and was always working for what he thought to be the good of his country, and not for hire. Although I did not agree with him on many political matters, I could not help liking him for his earnestness. What he did was done because he considered it right."

James Willets, of the town of Belvidere, N. J., wears boots now, which he hadn't done since 1868. He was a Republican and in the election of that year bet his boots a Republican would be elected Governor and felt so sore about losing them that he declared he would never wear another pair till a Republican was elected. The last election let him into boots again.

Democratic employes in the Government departments in Washington are quoted as saying that four-fifths of the best places are still held by Republicans. A little more rotation in those lines would be acceptable and healthy from a Democratic standpoint.

Barney Barnato is going to build a house in London, and will do it up in style. The stable will cost over $100,000.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J A SPRINGER—Coal.
BEESWAX—Cash paid.
D O'CONNOR—For rent.
SAM'L BEAR, SR—Safes.
S H FISHBLATE—Clothing.
JAS D NUTT—Open all day.
A D BROWN—We help you.
D L GORE—Smoked herring.
KATZ & POLVOGT—The Eclat.
A DAVID & CO—The purpose.
JOHNSON & FORE—Dress goods.
W B COOPER—Santa Claus move.
J H REHDER & CO—Fancy work.
J W MURCHISON—Hardware, &c.
MERCER & EVANS—Bicycle shoes.
BUNTING—Graduate in pharmacy.
OPERA HOUSE—Agnes Wallace Villa.
B F KEITH & CO—Apples and oranges
W L I ARMORY—Recep'n and dancing
J R WILLARD & CO—Market Letter.
G R FRENCH & SON—Comfortable shoe
ALDERMAN HARDWARE CO.—To our patrons.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

HOW to speculate.
WANTED—Salesmen.
GUIDE to Speculation.
P H HAYDEN—Harness, buggies.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— For other locals see fourth page

— See fourth page for other new advertisement,

— There were four interments in Oakdale cemetery the past week; none in Bellevue.

— J. D. Nutt's drug store, corner of Front and Mulberry streets, will be kept open to-day.

— The Register of Deeds issued six marriage license the past week, four of which were for colored couples.

— The excursionists from Liberty, N. C., left for home last evening at 6 o'clock via the C. F. & Y. V. railroad.

— Prof. H. M. Hamill, the international Sunday school worker, will occuppy Rev. Mr. Olivers' pulpit in the First Baptist church to-night.

— The STAR is requested to state that there will be through sleepers to Atlanta on the Seaboard Air Line Wednesday and Thursday on next week, leaving here at 3:20 p. m.

— Libby Lane, a rowdy negro who generally hangs up after dark in Paddy's Hollow, was arrested last night for snatching ten cents from Philander Hill one of his associates.

— Two handsome bay horses, selected by Chief of Fire Department Newman and Mr. D. Quinlivan for the Cape Fear steam engine, have arrived from Baltimore, been tried and found satisfactory. One of the horses weighs 1440 pounds and the other 1450. The team cost in Baltimore $350.

Magistrate's Court.

Becky Claridy and Alice Sampson, charged with larceny, were arraigned in Justice John J. Fowler's court yesterday, but the evidence against them did not sustain the charge and the case was dismissed.

Charles Peters was charged with keeping an unlicensed lodging house. Judgment was suspended upon his procuring license, as required by law.

W. M. McAllister was arraigned, charged with assault and battery with a deadly weapon, but the investigation was continued until Monday.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale", are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

Cotton Notes.

Receipts here yesterday 1,058 bales; same day last year, 2,988.

Spot cotton firm on a basis of 8⅛c for middling in Wilmington; steady in Charleston at 7⅞c; steady in Savannah at 8 1-16.

Futures advanced in New York twelve to fourteen points.

Port receipts yesterday were 25,838 bales, against 27,942 last Saturday.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. Jno. W. Plummer, Sr., has returned from a visit North.

— Mr. John A. Augustine is in the city, stopping at the Purcell

— Mr. C. A. Dock, of Bolton, N. C., was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. C. F. Burton, of Indianapolis, Ind., is in the city at the Purcell.

— Mr. S. G. Lee, of Richmond, Va., was registered at the Purcell yesterday.

— Capt. W. P. Moore, of Sneed's Ferry, called at the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. T. M. Lee, of Clinton, N. C., was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. J. O. Herring, of Tomahawk, was in the city yesterday visiting wholesale merchants.

— Mrs. John LeGwin and Mrs. Adolph Nelson have returned from visiting the Atlanta Exposition.

— Mr. James A. Bryan and wife, Misses Kate Bryan and Annie Stevenson, of Newbern, were visitors in the city yesterday.

Col. Jno. C. Tipton, editor and proprietor of the *Democrat*, published at Rutherfordton, was a visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Messrs. A. B. Croom, J. T. Bland, J. H. Montague and W. W. Larkins, four of Pender county most prominent merchants, were here yesterday calling on the wholesale merchants.

— Messrs. W. A. Sanders, Beaufort; H. Bowden, E. G. Rawlings, N. C; J. M. McIver, Gulf; E. L. Beard, Greensboro; W. H. Pyke, Southport, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

Sunday School Mass Meeting—Prof. H. M. Hamill to Speak.

At the First Baptist Church to-day at 4.30 p. m., a Sunday School Mass Meeting for all Church and Sunday School workers of Wilmington will be held. Prof. H. M. Hamill, of the International Work, will make the address, upon "Advanced Methods of Sunday School Work." Prof. Hamill is closing a series of meetings in the larger cities of the State, and will continue his work as a Sunday school specialist at the North Carolina State Sunday School Convention which meets in Goldsboro to-morrow night and continues Tuesday and Wednesday. The Sunday schools of Wilmington should appoint delegates to this Convention to-day, and be fully represented. Reduced railroad rates and entertainment at the Convention will be given to those who attend.

A. C. L.'s Quick Schedule to Atlanta.

Commencing Monday, November 25th and continuing until December 1st, the Atlantic Coast Line train No, 55, leaving Wilmington at 3.30 p. m., will connect at Columbia, S. C., with train for Atlanta, arriving at that point at 6.00 o'clock the following morning. Returning, the train will leave Atlanta at 9.00 p. m. and connect at Columbia, S. C., with train No. 54, arriving in Wilmington at 11,50 a. m. This gives the Atlantic Coast Line the quickest schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta, and parties desiring to go to the Exposition this week should not overlook the above schedule.

Thanksgiving for Oxford Orphans.

The joint committee, representing the three Masonic Lodges of this city, have decided not to make a general canvass for the institution this year, but request their friends who feel disposed to make a thanksgiving offering for this purpose to send the same to the store of Mr. D. McEachern, No. 105 North Water street, or notify either of the following named gentlemen, who represent their respective Lodges, viz: Messrs. W. M. Poisson, St. John's, No. 2; Thos. F. Bagley, Wilmington, No. 319; M. S. Willard, Orient, No. 395.

It is hoped people generally will respond liberally, as the Masons are supporting about 225 children, while only twenty per cent. of them are the children of Masons.

Death of a Former Wilmingtonian.

A telegram received here yesterday announced the death in Jacksonville, Florida, of Mr. Wm, B. Curtis. He had been in bad health for several months and went to the hospital there about two weeks ago, hoping to be restored to health, but grew gradually worse until yesterday morning when he passed away.

Mr. Curtis, who had been a resident of Jacksonville for the past nine or ten years, was a native of Wilmington and was a tinner by trade. He has several relatives living here, and many friends who will sincerely deplore his death.

Local Forecast.

Observer Graham, in his syhopsis of the weather issued yesterday morning from the Wilmington station, said: "It is cloudy and threating or raining in all the country extending from Western New York to Southern Texas, and these conditions will probably move eastward, causing rain in this city Sunday and possibly Monday. The temperature will continue to rise slowly in this vicinity to-day, but will probably commence to fall Sunday evening or night, after which it will fall rapidly."

Encyclopedia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on third page, or inquire at the STAR office.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

HARBOR LINES OF WILMINGTON.

All Persons Interested Invited to Attend a Meeting in the U. S. Engineers' Office Next Tuesday.

All persons interested in the establishment of the harbor lines of the port of Wilmington are invited to meet at the U. S. Engineer's office in the government building on Front street, next Tuesday, at 11 o'clock a. m.

The navigable waters and the harbors of the country being under control of the United States Government, the establishment of "harbor lines"—defining the limit of extension of wharves on river fronts—is fixed by U. S. engineers. The harbor lines of the port of Wilmington have never been defined, and the attention of the authorities in Washington, D. C., being called to the matter, Lieut. Col. Heap, of the Corps of Engineers in charge of river and harbor improvements in this district, was charged with this duty, and has sent a communication to the Mayor of the city as follows:

U. S. ENGINEER'S OFFICE.
WILMINGTON, N. C., Nov. 23, 1895.

Hon. S. H. Fishblate, Mayor City of Wilmington, N. C.

SIR—I am directed by the Chief of Engineers to report as to the establishment of harbor lines at Wilmington, N. C. I would be pleased to have those interested in this matter meet at this office next Tuesday Nov. 26th, at 11 a. m. Will you kindly inform me if this will suit your convenience.

Very respectfully,
D. P. HEAP,
Lt. Col. Corps of Engineers.

In reply to the above Mayor Fishblate sent the following:

Lieut. Col. D. P. Heap, Corps of Engineers Wilmington, N. C.

SIR—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your esteemed favor of the 23nd, regarding the establishment of Harbor lines at this port. The date and hour designated by you to meet those interested in the matter is convenient and acceptable to me.

Very respectfully,
S. A. FISHBLATE,
Mayor.

SHELTER OF THE SILVER CROSS.

An Entertainment to be Given Tuesday Night at the W. L. I. Armory.

An entertainment will be given next Tuesday evening, November 26th, at the W. L. I. Armory, that will no doubt enlist the earnest support and encouragement of every one interested in the well-being of the community and the maintenance of its charities.

The Shelter of the Silver Cross will be the beneficiary.

The programme arranged for the occasion embraces music, for which the best talent in the city has been secured, a sumptuous supper of all the delicacies of the season, and a dance, for which fine music has been secured.

The committees in charge of the entertainment are:

Reception—Mrs. Warren G. Elliott, Mrs. John W. Atkinson, Mrs. Geo. W. Kidder, Mrs. Clayton Giles, Mrs. Joseph H. Watters, Mrs. Pembroke Jones, Mrs. James Sprunt, Mrs. Preston L. Bridgers, Mrs. George G. Thomas, Mrs. George Rountree.

Decorations—Mrs. J. Victor Grainger, chairman, Mrs. E. P. Boatwright, Mrs. E. P. Bailey, Mrs. W. N. Harriss, Mrs. Hugh MacRae, Mrs. Duncan M. Williams, Mrs. J. W. Carmichael, Miss Mamie Burr, Miss Margaret Meares, Miss Sarah Lippitt, Miss Cumming, Miss Mary Bolles, Miss Sophie McPherson, Miss Mary Calder, Miss Eliza Bellamy.

Music—Mrs. Chas. Grainger, Miss Kenan, Miss Bolles, Miss French, Miss McPherson, Miss Draper.

Supper—Ministering Circle of King's Daughters.

Floor Managers—Messrs. Joseph H. Watters, W. G. Elliott, Pembroke Jones, George W. Kidder.

Ushers—Messrs. Fred. Kidder, Harry McIlhenny, W. Harriss Northrop, Chas. H. Robinson, Jr., Charles Elliott, Clayton Giles, Jr.

FOOT-BALL.

Arrangements for the Game to be Played Thursday by the Wilmington Team and the N. C. University Boys.

There was a meeting of the Wilmington Foot-Ball Association last night at the office of the manager, Mr. DuBrutz Cutlar, Jr. President Bellamy was in the chair and Mr. W. W. Vick was secretary. After discussion, the following scale of prices were decided on for Thanksgiving Day: Adult's ticket of admission 25 cents, extra for grand stand 15 cent, extra for buggy or two seated concern (within inclosure) 50 cents; extra for carrages or four seated concern (inside inclosure) $1.00; half tickets for children under 14 years of age 15 cents. The colors adopted are royal purple and orange and the boys will give the yell "rah-re-ren-whoop-la-Wilmington-tiger!"

After discussion about minor subjects the meeting adjourned.

The management is doing everything in its power to accommodate the large crowds who will attend, and have put the price of admission low, in order that the pleasure-loving public may have the opportunity of seeing a fine exhibition of foot ball at a small cost.

The University boys will be a drawing card, having many loyal friends and enthusiastic Alumni in this city. Their white and blue ribbons will not be lacking and cheers for the N. C. U. will enthuse the college boys. Of course the city boys can't spare all of the fair sex, so the dry goods stores have ordered an extra supply of royal purple and old gold, which is their colors.

Odd Fellows' Orphans.

The committee for the Odd Fellows' Orphans' Thanksgiving request that all packages will be sent in to-morrow to the N. Jacobi hardware store, so that they can be packed; as it is desired to send all packages to the railroad next Tuesday.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for ess than 20 cents. tf

RALEIGH NEWS LETTER.

EX-JUDGE SCHENCK AND THE SOUTHERN RAILROAD.

City Water Works Pond Drained—The Cary Property—Light Receipts of Cotton—Gov. Carr's Thanksgiving Day Proclamation.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 23.

Ex-Judge Schenck comes out in a lengthy card in the Greensboro *Record*, in regard to paragraphs which appeared in several papers to the effect that he was in the employ of the Southern Railway for ten years as attorney and was dismissed last July. Judge Schenck abuses the Southern in the strongest terms and intimates that the paragraphs referred to were put in at the instance of the Southern.

The water works pond has been completely drained off. There were very few fish in the pond.

It is said that the Cary property, purchased by Mr. B. N. Duke and which the Alliance had contemplated purchasing, will be used for a sash and blind factory.

The receipts of cotton on the Exchange now are very light.

The question has been raised as to whether the Governor's private secretary should sign the Governor's thanksgiving proclamation or Secretary of State Cooke. The Asheville *Citizen* says the latter. It has always been the custom for the Governor's private secretary to sign the proclamation.

The connection on all the railways is very poor at present. This is due to the heavy traffic on all roads to the Atlanta Exposition.

The Seaboard's $5 rate will not be in effect to Atlanta to morrow. A great many persons had counted on taking advantage of it.

John Miller, of Randolph county, was brought to the penitentiary to-day to serve a term of thirty-five years for manslaughter.

Mrs. John S. McRae, a daughter of Capt. and Mrs. J. M. Fleming, died of peritonitis in Maxton on Thursday night.

There are good tobacco breaks here at present.

OPERA HOUSE.

"The World Against Her" Next Wednesday Evening.

At the Opera House next Wednesday evening will be seen Miss Agnes Wallace Villa in the beautiful melodrama, "The World Against Her." The company carry their own scenery and no doubt an elegant performance will be given. The following in reference to the play is from the New York *Sun*:

"Miss Agnes Wallace Villa and her well-balanced company of players began a week's engagement at Whitney's Opera House yesterday evening in 'The World Against Her.' The play is by Frank Harvey and is undoubtedly a valuable property, as it has already stood the test of American play-goers' criticism for five consecutive seasons.

"As a specimen of melodrama of the old English school—that is, a play strong in sensational effects, thrilling in story and plot and startling in its climaxes—it stands on a level with the best plays of its kind.

"Miss Agnes Wallace Villa as *Madge Carlton* has lost none of her attractiveness; she still combines the soubrette and the ingenue; a rare thing.

"Of course the usual specialties comprise a share of the evening's entertainment."

The box sheet will open Tuesday morning at Yates's bookstore.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—820 bales cotton, 39 casks spirits turpentine, 94 bbls rosin, 57 bbls tar, 48 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—108 bales cotton, 56 casks spirits turpentine, 181 bbls rosin, 108 bbls tar.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—138 bales cotton, 56 casks spirits turpentine, 188 bbls rosin, 98 bbls tar.

Steamer Daggett—2 bales cotton, 13 casks spirits turpentine, 10 bbls rosin, 80 bbls tar, 84 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 1058 bales; spirits turpentine, 153 casks; rosin, 478 bbls; tar, 886 bbls; crude turpentine, 77 bbls.

Funeral of the Late Major Peden.

The remains of the lamented Maj. W. N. Peden arrived in Wilmington yesday from Clinton on the 10.30 train on the W. & W. R. R., accompanied by his three daughters, Mrs. Moseley, Mrs. Hubbard and Mrs. Johnson. They were taken to Oakdale Cemetery for interment. The funeral services were conducted at the chapel by Rev. Drs. Carmichael and Strange and were attended by many friends and acquaintances of the deceased gentleman.

The pall-bearers were:

Honorary—Col. Jas. G. Burr, Col. Thos. C. McIlhenny, Mr. William Watters and Mr. M. Cronly.

Active—Mr. H. C. McQueen, Capt. W. R. Kenan, Mr. J. H. Watters, Mr. T. O. Bunting, Mr. Dewitt C. Love and Mr. Henry P. West.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers; who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Reduced Rates on the C. F. & Y. V.

The C. F. & Y. V. R. R. will sell round trip tickets from all stations on its lines to Wilmington, N. C., at reduced rates on account of the A. M. E. Zion Conference which will meet here next Wednesday. Rates from Fayetteville $4.05; Maxton, $4.25; Sanford, $5.40; Greensboro, $7.45; Rural Hall, $8.80, Tickets to be sold Nov. 25th, 26th and 27th, with final limit December 4th.

That new stock which I purchased since returning from Atlanta is all in and selling low down. I have a complete line of gentlemen's suits, pants, collars, shirts, neckwear and underwear. I lead in goods and prices; call and see me and be rewarded by receiving kind attention and low prices. I. Shrier, corner Front and Princess streets, Davis & Zoeller's old stand. t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO OUR PATRONS.

It gives us pleasure to wait on our customers, attend to their wants and deliver all purchases promptly, but owing to the rush of business during the past week, although we had extra help, we neglected some of our friends. We assure you—well we are going to do the best we can not only in service but in prices. We need the money and don't intend to hold our goods for big prices and let other merchants sell theirs and get all the benefit. We know the people are going to buy from those who offer the best bargains. If we are not low enough, you are competent to judge.

Hardware, Tinware,
Granite Ware and
Wood Heaters.
Oil Heaters and
Cook Stoves.

Don't forget we are now offering bargains.

Alderman Hardware Co.,

29 South Front Street.

nov24 4 tf

COAL,

Red Ash Egg Coal,

White Ash Egg Coal,

White Ash Stove Coal,

White Ash Chestnut Coal,

Pea Coal, Furnace Coal,

Foundry Coal, Steam Coal.

Tennessee Lump Coal.

WOOD, WOOD.

Oak Wood, Ash Wood, Lightwood,

BLACKJACK, HICKORY,

and all the best kinds to be had.

Summer prices still in force.

J. A. Springer.

nov 24 tf

Opera House, Wilmington.

TWO NIGHTS AND THANKSGIVING MATINEE.

Wednesday and Thursday, Nov. 27 & 28,

The Distinguished Actress,

Agnes Wallace Villa,

In the success of two Continents,

THE WORLD AGAINST HER.

An elegant company of Actors, Refined specialties. Guaranteed attraction.
Regular prices. Secure your seats. nov 24 3t

THE ONLY DOWN TOWN STORE

OPEN ALL DAY TO-DAY

—IS—

James D. Nutt,

nov 24 1t THE DRUGGIST.

Cash Paid

—FOR—

Beeswax.

If you have some to sell, ship it to us, and we will allow you

28 Cents Per Pound

For it in Boston, and no charge for commission or carting. References all through the South if required.

W. H. BOWDLEAR & CO.,
Boston, Mass.
nov 18 2m Office and Warehouse 36 Central Wharf,

Santa Claus Moving.

200 boxes and pails Candy.
2,000 C. C. Nuts.
35 barrels Apples.
100 bundles W. P. Caps.
100 bags Shot.
75 barrels Sugar.
200 pounds Nutmeg.

We appreciate every order every time. W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,
202 North Water Street,
nov 24 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

No. 9 North Front St.

A STORE FULL OF STYLISH THINGS

In garments, in fabrics, in trimmings. Come when you please. Wander through the Store. Criticise or compliment. You are free to do either, and our salespeople will take pleasure in showing these fashionable goods. Perhaps a price or two may interest, and we add these:

The Eclat.

This garment is all Wool, worth $10.00, this week $6.00. Two hundred new garments have just been opened.

What Corset Do You Wear?!

Somebody told you a long time ago that a certain Corset was good. Yes, it was, but there are, perhaps, one or two makes that are better adapted to your figure. With our large stock and skilled corset salespeople, we can give you the Corset that you most need. Will yon let us try?

The W. B. America's leading Corset this week $1.00.

In the Linen Department.

Every day there are one or two things that are worthy of extra attention. To-day it's a lot of Damasks—wide enough and fine enough to suit almost any one. And here's the price asked for them: Worth $1.15, this week 89c yard.

Trimmings.

If you haven't decided about the garniture for that fall gown, let us help you. A well equipped trimming stock is at our right hand.

Evening Silks.

Twenty beautiful fabrics that were picked for evening gowns. No two alike in color or pattern. It is best not to delay with these, for the one you think prettiest may be gone if you come late, 75c to $2.00 a yard.

Katz & Polvogt,

No 9 North Front St.,

nov 24 tf

Reception and Dancing
AT
WIL. LIGHT INFANTRY ARMORY,
Tuesday Evening, Nov. 26th.

From 8.30 to 9.30 there will be a vocal musical programme.
Dancing will begin at 9.30.
No extra charge for supper.
Admission $1.00.
Tickets are now for sale at Yates' Book Store.
Proceeds are for the benefit of the SHELTER OF THE SILVER CROSS. nov 24 1t

Apples and Oranges,

ALSO FULL LINE OF Fancy Candies, Mixed Nuts, Cocoanuts, Raisins, Cheese, Crackers and other Groceries at Special Prices. Call and see or send us your order. We guarantee to please you.

B. F. KEITH & CO.
120 and 130 North Water Street,
nov 24 tf Wilmington, N. C.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news paper a North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $50 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

Announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, NOV. 24, 1895

THE GREENBACK ELEPHANT.

Some of the leading gold papers of the country which favor Secretary Carlisle's efforts to retire the greenbacks regret that he had no plan to suggest in the speech which he delivered last Tuesday night at the banquet of the New York Chamber of Commerce where he entered into a lengthy plea for their retirement. The presumption is that the reason why he did not offer any suggestion on that line was because he did not consider that the proper time, place nor occasion and that his purpose was simply to present his views, knowing that they would receive wide publicity, and get the money men and others to thinking about and discussing the evils that result from and the embarrassments caused the Treasury by that kind of currency. But the greater probability is that Secretary Carlisle had no plan that would be acceptable to the gentlemen who sat around that banquet board. The bond substitute is the only one that would meet with their approbation, and Secretary Carlisle would hardly be willing to go so far as to recommend the retiring of the $346,000,000 of greenbacks by issuing $346,000,000 of interest bearing bonds, although he said in his Boston speech that the Government could have saved money by withdrawing the greenbacks when the resumption act was passed and issuing four per cent. bonds in place of them.

The opinion is held by some of the Republican financiers, Senator Sherman among the number, that it is the purpose of Secretary Carlisle and the President to urge the retiring of the greenbacks, and to favor the establishment of State banks to supply a currency to take their place, a proposition which, if made, will be vigorously opposed by the national banks and by the Republican statesmen, who now regard the greenback as a pretty good kind of money, although John Sherman and other Republican financiers were some years ago as eager for their retirement as Secretary Carlisle and some others now are, and they were making pretty rapid progress in it when a Democratic Congress in 1878 called a halt and passed a law prohibiting their destruction and requiring the Treasury to reissue them when redeemed. This is the law of which Secretary Carlisle complains and to which he attributes all the trouble which the Treasury now experiences, and the necessity which it is under to borrow gold.

When the resumption act was passed it was never contemplated that the greenbacks or any other paper of the Government should be redeemed in gold exclusively, and if they are it is because the Secretaries of the Treasury have undertaken to do more than the law requires, and discriminated against silver in favor of gold, thereby contributing to depreciate silver, appreciate gold and create a greater demand for it. The decision of the Treasury in favor of paying in gold was the beginning of the trouble of which Secretary Carlisle complains, and not the law requiring the reissue of the greenbacks, which would have done no harm if it had been adhered to in the letter and spirit, but would do good, as it had done good by preventing a ruinous contraction of the currency which was going on when the law requiring the reissue of the greenbacks was passed.

As the matter now stands, the greenback is an elephant that can't be disposed of while the Treasury persists in redeeming them with gold, for while that is the case they will be used for the purpose of drawing gold out of the Treasury whenever it is wanted by the gold manipulators. This is what Secretary Carlisle says, and what every one knows. He could very soon solve the problem and stop the trouble if he would adopt the heroic treatment, take his stand on the law, and pay out silver which he can do under the law, which would very soon stop the raiding business and compel the gold manipulators to look for gold somewhere else.

But Secretary Carlisle has too fully committed himself to the yellow coin to do that and no one expects him to do it.

He can't retire the greenbacks, for they will not be retired. He could not do it with a Democratic Congress, which would never endorse a bond plan, and he can't do it now with a Republican House and a mixed Senate, in neither of which the bond plan would receive a respectable support, and he cannot do it with State banks, which could never get through the House even if it stood any show of getting through the Senate, which it does not. The fact is the day has gone by for some time to come, for the retirement of the greenback or for anything else in the way of monetary reform which Secretary Carlisle may have contemplated. What might have been done two years ago can not be done now, for the conditions have changed and the opportunity was not seized when we had the power to institute financial as well as tariff reform.

With the free coinage of silver the retirement of greenbacks would have been practicable without contracting the volume of the money, and with State banks the volume could have been so enlarged that the coinage of silver might have gone on gradually without any danger of dreaded inflation; but the men who are now loudest for the killing of greenbacks were then the loudest for the killing of silver and in opposition to the repeal of the State bank tax, and they will be found opposing silver now as they were then and State banks as they were then. Secretary Carlisle doesn't expect to see them retired for he knows he is confronted by an opposition that he can neither persuade nor control. The greenbacks have come to stay.

MINOR MENTION.

Every day brings reports of more slaughter of Christians in Armenia, the apparent purpose of the butchers being to exterminate these people. When the massacres began the "Powers" remonstrated and announced that if the Turkish Government did not put a stop to them forthwith and restore order they would interfere and restore order themselves. It was finally reported a few days ago that Russia would act independently, with the assent of the other Powers, but nither Russia nor they have moved a foot to protect the Christians and the butcheries goes on with increased bloodthirstiness. England's vacillation is greatly responsible for this, in commenting upon which the Philadelphia *North American* speaks as follows:

"Had Lord Salisbury planned to bring about the present relations between England and Turkey he could not have been more successful. England now stands as an apologist for the Sultan; nothing more; nothing less. And the complete change in Lord Salisbury's policy is all the more remarkable coming as it does so soon after the Guildhall speech. Turkey solved the problem alone, forsooth! There is a deeper reason than this for England's flop over. Salisbury has received something more than a letter from the Sultan, and it must have come in the shape of an intimation that if the worst should come, Great Britain would not get as big a slice of Turkey as would fall to some others. No doubt this is the explanation of Salisbury's change of base. Else, why his unprecedented action in reading the important communication of the Sultan at a public meeting of irresponsibles? He understands the temper of the English people too well to believe that they would consent to spread varnish over the Turkish outrages without good reason, and what better reason than the Sultan's letter could be advance, coupled as it is with an influence that he is withholding something that will accrue to England's advantage?"

The fact is the Powers are too intent upon watching the movements of each other to give serious attention to the Christians who are being sacrificed to the vengeance of the Turk. They are all afraid that some one of them may gain some vantage ground in the final settlement if there were a clash with the Turks and rather than see that they stand still, talk and let the butchery go on.

* *

The Dole Government of Hawaii seems to be uneasy on account of the antagonistic spirit shown by the Japanese, who number about 25,000, ranking next in point of numbers to the natives. They are becoming stronger every year by immigration from Japan. The Japanese Consul-General at Honolulu complains in the name of his Government that the Dole Government has failed to comply with the terms of the immigration treaty, and is not doing the fair thing by the Japanese. This, taken in connection with the spirit of antagonism shown by the resident Japanese, in which the Dole Government believes they are encouraged by the Government of Japan, leads to the belief that Japan has a longing eye on the islands and is seeking a pretext to interfere and seize them. The Japanese Minister in Washington denies that his Government has any designs upon Hawaii, or that it is seeking any territorial acquisitions, but a denial of that kind might be expected, for it is part of the business of the diplomat to deny anything that it isn't good policy to admit. Japan can, unless those islands be annexed or come directly under the protection of the United States, get practical possession of them without firing a gun, or appearing to interfere, for she can send immigrants enough in to make the Government a puppet in their hands. No good reason can be given why they should be denied the right of suffrage which is accorded to residents from other countries who desire to become citizens, and if they be enfranchised within a few years they can have the Government entirely in their control. If Japan wants Hawaii, and she will want it if she doesn't now, it is only a question of time when she will have it, if this Government does not.

* *

Mr. L. Holbrook, a member of the American Institute of Mining Engineers, is quoted as saying that North Carolina's exhibit of minerals, marbles, building stones, timbers, &c., at the Atlanta Exposition, while not as large as others, is the best selected and represents the best material of any on the grounds. That was the verdict generally rendered as to the exhibit made at the exposition in Atlanta fifteen years ago, and repeated as to the exhibit at the World's Fair in Chicago. The exhibit at the Exposition in Atlanta now is made up of collections taken from the State Museum, under the supervision of Prof. Holmes, and contributions by railroads and individuals, which makes the distinction won all the more creditable and gives some idea of what might be done if the State had taken an interest in that matter and made a suitable appropriation for the purpose.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Sherman evidently has a private collection of skeletons of his own that he intends to spring upon the country in volume three.—*Philadelphia Times.*

—— If Mexico were as aggressive as England in the matter of real estate, the shifting channel of the Rio Grande would cause endless inter-national complications.—*Phil. Ledger, Ind.*

—— If the Spanish had won as many victories as they claim, all Cubans would have been gathered to their fathers, Cuba would be a graveyard and the crown of Spain would be perched on the highest brow of the Cobra.—*Washington Times, Ind.*

—— Judge Delaney, of Alaska, says that the Canadian Pacific is backing the scheme by which England is endeavoring to get the Yukon river into her possession. The British are also claiming a long arm of the sea with islands which belong to us. Are you asleep, Uncle Sam? Can you not protect your own property?—*New York Journal, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Chatham *Record*: Last spring a negro named Will Taylor, broke into and robbed the store of Lambeth Bros., Lockville and escaped. Some time ago he was reported as being at Darlington, S. C., and requisition for him having been obtained from Gov. Carr, Sherman Jenkins went for him last Saturday, and brought him here to jail yesterday.

— Rockingham *Rocket*: We regret to learn of the death of Mr. Robert Ellerbe, a son of Mr. W. W. Ellerbe, which occurred last Thursday night. He died of pneumonia, and was sick only about a week. —— Mr. R. H. Bennett, of Bostic Mills, raised, we are informed, on two and one-eighth acres of land 135 bushels of shelled corn. Small grain is being largely sown in this section.

— Wadesboro *Messenger-Intelligencer*: In some sections of Morven township hog cholera is prevailing to an alarming extent. We learn that Mr. Berry Liles has lost his porkers, thirty in number, from this, to hog-raisers, dread disease, and that Mr. J. M. Pratt is minus fourteen from the same cause. A number of other citizens of the township are also considerable losers on account of the epidemic.

— Mount Airy *News*: Will McCarter, a sixteen-year old white boy, was committed to jail at Dobson a few days ago, charged with committing a rape upon the three and a half year old daughter of Mr. R. W. Marsh, of Eldora township, ten miles from Mount Airy. Notwithstanding the youth of the child she had sense enough to report what had been done to her, when she was examined and found to be terribly abused. A warrant was at once procured and the boy was arrested and lodged in jail.

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: Mrs. John S. McRae (nee Miss Maud Fleming), died at her home in Maxton Thursday night, of peritonitis. She was the daughter of Capt. and Mrs. J. M. Fleming, of this city. In Raleigh she was born and reared, and was beloved by all who came in contact with her sweet spirit and lovely life. Not very long ago she was married to Mr. John McRae, and went to Maxton to live. —— The cotton gin of Mr. W. B. Wilder, two miles from the city, was burned yesterday morning. Fifty bales of cotton were in the gin at the time, and of these thirty bales were burned. The loss is $2,000 without insurance.

— Salisbury *Truth*: Sam Kimmonds, the white man who was so badly burned in the calaboose, which was almost destroyed by fire Saturday evening, died between 3 and 4 o'clock Monday morning. —— The store and contents of Fitzgerald & Raper, Linwood, N. C., was burned about midnight Tuesday. The fire is believed to have been the work of an incendiary. The firm's loss is $4 500 with only $3,000 insurance. —— The Indian doctor White, who is charged with criminally assaulting a half-witted white girl in Stanley county, is in jail here. He was removed from Concord to this place, as it was feared he would be lynched.

TWINKLINGS

— Race prejudice is all right if it leads a man to refrain from putting his money on the wrong horse.—Yonkers *Statesman.*

— "What makes you think that Jones is an honest man?"

"I noticed that both his tailor and hatter actually bow to him."—*Pick Me Up.*

— Mem. (from notebook of careless man)—"When nothing else to do, wind up my watch. It saves time."—*Punch.*

— Very Fat Man (to friend)—Don't you remember me? I used to be a page at the Hon. Snobson's.

Well, it appears to me your have grown into a volume.—*London Chips.*

— She—"I'm surprised you haven't been out of town; the country in October is beautiful, and the birds—"

He (a gourmand)—"Oh, I hate a place where the birds go about raw!"—*Judy.*

—— "John, dear, we'll really have to quit boarding."

"Why, what now?"

"Don't you know, I noticed this morning that Johnnie's right arm is already longer than the left one!"—*Chicago Record.*

All forms of Summer Complaint, Cramps, Colic, Cholera Morbus, etc., which are attended by so much Pain are quickly relieved and effectually cured by PAIN-KILLER. The standard remedy for these troubles for more than 50 years. It Goes without saying, that every kind of pain—internal or external—takes its leave When Pain-Killer is applied. Sprains, Bruises, Cuts, Burns, Bites and Stings are all cured by Pain-Killer. Accept no substitute or imitations. The genuine bears the name—"Perry Davis & Son"—and is sold everywhere at 25c. a bottle, (double the former quantity). Remember that all pain goes when Pain-Killer Comes.

June 8 ta fr we

GET ACQUAINTED WITH YOURSELF.

SAM WALTER FOSS.

Young man the books will bid you read
The seers from Kant to Plato,
But get acquainted with yourself,
You are no small potato.
And though you swing a blacksmith's sledge,
Or dig within the trenches,
Hold up your head with those that sit
Upon the highest benches.
Oh, read the sages of the world
And let their wisdom win you;
But get acquainted with yourself
And find what you've got in you.

In modest arrogance of soul
Make your own valuation.
Then slowly make the sluggard world
Accept your estimation.
Go, get acquainted with yourself,
Before your leaf is yellow,
You'll find the man beneath your hat
Is something of a fellow.
Then stir him out and prod him up
Before his force has fainted;
Go, get acquainted with yourself,
Then make the world acquainted.

Then trust the man beneath your hat,
And when you come to know him,
You'll find a fellow fit to grace
A novel or a poem.
Go, get acquainted with yourself;
You'll find that very few are,
For tasks for which you were designed,
A better man than you are.
Young man, the books will bid you read
The seers from Kant to Plato,
But get acquainted with yourself,
You are no small potato.

SUNDAY SELECITONS.

— The doing right alone teaches the value of meaning right.

— There is no true greatness except the greatness of usefulness.

— To rejoice in the prosperity of another is to partake of it.—*Austin*

— The best spiritual adviser a girl can have is her mother.—*Atchison Globe.*

— It is only by labor that thought can be made healthyy and only by thought that labor can be made happy; and the two cannot be seperated with impunity.—*Ruskin.*

— He who is determined to make no mistakes will probably make the one greatest mistake of fruitlessness. Better fail in half the efforts made than to fail to do anything.—*Zion's Herald.*

— A half hour's faithful preaching of Jesus by a poor, itinerant Methodist exhorter at Colchester brought the boy Spurgeon to a decision and launched the mightiest ministry of modern times.—*Dr. Cuyler.*

— Man's unhappiness, as we construe it, comes of his great greatness; it is because there is an infinite in him, which, with all his cunning, he cannot quite bury under the finite.—*Thomas Carlyle.*

— A great, a good and a right mind is a kind of divinity lodged in flesh, and may be the blessing of a slave as well as of a prince; it came from heaven, and to heaven it must return; and it is a kind of heavenly felicity which a pure and virtuous mind enjoys, in some degree, even upon earth.—Seneca.

—The religion that fancies it loves God, and yet does nothing to help its brother and evinces no love for its brother, is not piety. It may be a dogma with a worm in its heart. If you love God, you will love your fellow-men. If you love God you will seek to advance his kingdom.—*Rev W. K. Chaplin.*

Feeds His Horse by Clockwork.

George W. Belt of Auburn has invented an ingenious device for feeding his horse, and he does it with one of the ordinary little alarm clocks. The horse gets its feed of grain when the alarm goes off. For instance, if Mr. Belt wants the horse to have its morning feed of grain at 5 o'clock, and he himself does not care to turn out until 6 o'clock, he sets his alarm for 5 o'clock, and when the morning comes the horse gets its breakfast an hour before its owner's eyes are open. It is so arranged that the alarm pulls the slide, letting the grain run through a sluice to the manger.—Lewiston Journal.

Mrs. Carlisle on Finance.

Apropos of woman's editions, here is a pretty little story of Mrs. John G. Carlisle which is now going the rounds of the Washington press: It seems she was asked to contribute to one of the recent numbers of woman's editions issued for the benefit of charity. When the request was tendered the secretary's wife, it was asked that she should write upon finance. Mrs. Carlisle replied, with charming frankness and the soul of wit, "The only thing I know upon the subject of finance with sufficient clearness to write authoritatively is that $2 will go farther than $1."

Fin de Siecle Logic.

Grandma—My dears, I should like to reward you for all your kindness, but you must take the will for the deed.

Mazie—Well, if that's all the same to you, grandma, we prefer the deed. Wills are so easily broken nowadays, you know.—B., K. & Co.'s Illustrated Monthly.

Cause For Surprise.

Mrs. Greene—It is so discouraging! My husband finds fault with almost everything I set before him.

Mrs. Stalemate—You don't mean to say your husband takes his meals at home! Well, I never!—Boston Transcript.

When a man says, "Of course it's no business of mine," it is a sure sign that he is going to do the best he can to make it his business.

In the temperate zones, the maximum of heat is attained about a month after the longest days.

HE SHUNS MIRRORS.

SEVENTEEN YEARS SINCE THIS MAN SAW HIS REFLECTION.

The Result of a Bet Made With a Young Lady—What His Experience Has Taught Him—Will Not Tell What He Will Receive If He Wins, and He'll Win.

Did it ever occur to you when you have made that easily spoken answer, "I can't," to some proposition that if you only made up your mind and put down your foot you could as readily say, "I will," and, what's more, adhere to the resolution? If you have never thought of this and you have the time and inclination to consider what a man—or a woman either, for that matter—can do when he is determined it shall be done, read this story:

It is about a man who, when he was 17 years old, said to a friend who had been bantering him that he would not voluntarily look at his reflection in a mirror for 20 years. Think of that length of time! It was just as long as Rip Van Winkle slept, and you know how he changed in that period. Seventeen years of that number have come and gone, and this man of strong will says he has kept his promise, and this, too, in the face of all manner of devices on the part of his friends to make him take a glimpse of himself.

This man who does not see himself as others see him is well known in business circles. There is nothing about him which should make him refrain from having as much use for a mirror as any other man. About 33 years old, of the average height and well built, his dark face is an intelligent, attractive one, his mustache is well trimmed, and his hair, which is somewhat sparse at the temples, is as nicely parted and as carefully brushed as that of any of his fellows. His necktie, too, is tied in the most approved fashion, and indeed his whole appearance is that of the well groomed man who spends an hour or two every morning before his dressing case, making sure that everything is just so before he presents himself to the gaze of the public.

In the days of his youth he must have been a very handsome boy, and there is little doubt that he took as much pleasure from his own image in the glass as any youngster. It may be that he was given to gazing at himself too frequently, for it was from this penchant that his resolution grew.

He was visiting a young lady acquaintance one day, and she caught him looking into a mirror every few minutes. She knew him so well that she felt at liberty to remark:

"I'll wager that you could not keep your eyes from a mirror for an hour."

Perhaps his pride was touched by the innocent words. At any rate he replied:

"I can, and not only for one hour, but for enough of them to make 20 years."

This was seemingly so preposterous that the young lady offered to make a wager for anything he pleased then and there, and so the bargain was closed. There are few who know what are the terms of the bet, and there may be a nice little romance hidden behind it all. But that's not the subject of the story. Enough it is to know that he says that from that day to this he has never glanced into a mirror—or, in fact, at any surface that would cast his reflection—and those who know him well do not hesitate to say that this is undoubtedly so.

"It was a little inconvenient at first, I must admit," he said to me the other day, "for I knew my hair wasn't parted well, and that my necktie must be all askew. But after a few days the awkwardness passed away, and you may easily imagine that at this time the last thing I ever think of is looking into a mirror."

He has been shaved in a barber shop in an up town street off Broadway for many years, and his peculiarity is known to all the barbers. He was in the proprietor's chair one day, and his eyes were closed. The man of razors took a small hand glass, held it close to his face and suddenly exclaimed:

"Oh, look!"

But that was an old game to his customer. Keeping his eyelids shut, he turned his face to one side, cautiously opened one eye and then slowly moved his head until he could see that the barber held something in his hand.

"I guess not," he said as he put out his hand and shoved the glass aside. "I have been tried that way too often in the last 17 years to be caught now."

He has gone to the same tailor for years, and he never looks at himself as he does a new suit. His tailor knows what he wants, is aware that some of his friends would inform him if his garments did not fit him as they should, and in addition to all this feels that he is put on his honor to do the right thing by a customer who puts faith in him. And no one can truthfully say that he is not a well dressed man. So it is also with his hatter. He looks at the style of the hat he desires to wear after having made a careful selection, but he leaves it all to the tradesman and to his friends as to whether in shape and otherwise it is suitable to his face.

"What has all this taught you?"

"That a man can do many things, if he will, which may seem almost impossible to him at first blush. It has helped me in many ways. I was a very heavy smoker, 12 or 15 cigars a day being my average. My doctor asked me to stop on the first of the year and not to smoke until Feb. 1. I did it without any trouble. No, it was not a New Year's resolution, and probably that was the reason it was not broken. After the first month he told me I could have a cigar after each meal, and I don't eat more than three meals a day."

"When the 20 years is passed, will you look into a mirror?"

"I will indeed, and I think I will take more pleasure out of it then than if I had been looking at myself all the time."

"Does the lady with whom you made the wager know how you have kept your vow?"

"Now, now, my boy. Well, I don't mind telling you that she does, and that she has often asked me why I did not give up my foolish resolution. But I said it was for 20 years, and it will be if I can make it so."

"And what will you win from the lady?"

"Ah, that is entre nous."—New York Herald.

A Gloomy Prospect.

Mr. Finemind—My dear, my scientific works are bringing me in a fortune, and we will soon be rich.

Mrs. Finemind—Too bad. Now we will have to associate with a lot of nobodies who inherited their wealth.—New York Weekly.

Spermaceti.

Spermaceti is taken from the head of the sperm whale, a single specimen having been known to yield 19 barrels of this valuable substance. It was formerly in high repute as a medicine, and in 1437 was sold in Europe for medicinal purposes at about $6 a pound.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little suffdrer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. †

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it Free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

DUKE CIGARETTES

MADE FROM High Grade Tobacco AND ABSOLUTELY PURE

oc 14 tf fr su we W 8p

Mixed.

Her book lay on a rustic seat with his cane across it; his regiment badge had been transferred from its place on his breast to a spot as near Blanche's heart as possible; the corner of her handkerchief peeped out of his side pocket; the diamond ring worn on his little finger glistened on the third finger of her left hand; her King's Daughter's badge dangled from his watch chain; his penknife was in her hand and she was whittling a birch twig; her fan was in his hand and he was twirling it nervously; the lace of one of her tiny white shoes was tied man fashion; a feather of her boa was thrust into the band of his broad brim.—Private Letter of a Frenchwoman.

How to Address a Letter.

A number of newspapers are discussing the impropriety of addressing letters to John Smith, Esq., instead of to Mr. John Smith. In London there is a cast iron rule to this effect. You are to address your tradesman as Mr. John Smith; the gentleman in your social set is to be addressed as John Smith, Esq. This distinction is invariably adopted by Americans who reside in Great Britain for any considerable length of time, and we note that it is being observed to a growing extent in this country.—Chicago Record.

Mistake Somewhere.

"What a striking clock this is!" exclaimed Mrs. Gaskett, admiring a new timepiece on Mrs. Fosdick's mantel.

"Oh, no; it doesn't strike!" replied the clock's owner, who ought to know—Detroit Free Press.

Fashion is gentility running away from vulgarity and afraid of being overtaken by it. It is a sign the two things are not far asunder.—Hazlitt.

On June 1, 1890, the value of all the live stock on hand in the United States was $2,208,767,573.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Drugeist. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesa Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute			5¼
Standard	7	@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ lb	13½	@	14
Sides ₩ lb	7½	@	7½
Shoulders ₩ lb	6	@	6½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ₩ lb	5½	@	5½
Shoulders ₩ lb	5½	@	5
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb		@	27
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15		
Northern	22	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	45
Virginia Meal	59	@	45
COTTON TIES— ₩ bundle		@	85
CANDLES— ₩ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE— ₩ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE— ₩ lb—	27	@	28
Laguyra	20	@	22
Rio	15½	@	20
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6		5¾
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS— ₩ dozen	10	@	13½
FISH			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ₩ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25	@	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	6 00	@	8 50
N. C. Roe Herring ₩ keg	3 50	@	3 75
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@	10
" Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR— ₩ barrel—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice	2 75	@	3 00
Straight	3 75	@	3 85
Fine Patent		@	4 25
GLUE— ₩ lb	87½	@	10
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White	47½	@	45
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	47½	@	45
Corn, Cargo, in bags—White	47½	@	45
Oats, from store		@	35
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	60	@	60
HIDES, ₩ lb—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2	@	3½
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	5½	@	90
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME, ₩ barrel			1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ₩ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, reserved	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	23 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	22
" " in bbls		@	22
Porto Rico, in hhds	35	@	37½
" in bbls	35	@	35
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" in bbls		@	15
Syrup, in bbls	13	@	20
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d base		@	2 30
PORK, ₩ barrel—			
City Mess	10 50	@	11 00
Rump		@	10 00
Prime		@	10 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@	12
SALT— ₩ sack—Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
American, in bbls		@	45
" in 125 ₩ Sacks	40	@	45
SHINGLES 7-inch, ₩ M	6 00	@	7 00
Common	3 00	@	3 50
Cypress Saps	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Heart		@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Gran'd	4½	@	5
Standard A		@	4¾
White Ex. C		@	4¼
Extra C, Golden	4	@	4¼
C, Yellow		@	3¾
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½	@	14
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00	@	14
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	10	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	00	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	4 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	@	3 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	6	@	
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2
North Carolina	1 00	@	2
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14	@	
Clear of burs	13½	@	
Burry		@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, Nov. 23.

NAVAL STORES.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Quoted steady at 24½ cents per gallon for country and 25½ cents for machine-made casks; but sales were made at 24¾c and 25¼c.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 97½ per bbl for Strained and $1 82½ for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 00 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quoted on Change easy at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip and $1 60 for Virgin. Inspectors quote Hard, $1 35; Virgin and Yellow Dip, $1 60.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 24¾c; rosin, strained, $0.97½; good strained $1 02½; tar $0.95; crude turpentine 1 10, 1 60, 1 70.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	158
Rosin	478
Tar	336
Crude Turpentine	77

Receipts same day last year—146 casks spirits turpentine, 434 bbls rosin, 181 bbls tar, 00 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Firm on a basis of 8¼c for Middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5¾	cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	7	" "
Low Middling	7 11-16	" "
Middling	8¼	" "
Good Middling	8 7-16	" "

Same day last year, middling 5¼c.

Receipts—1,058 bales; same day last year, 3,333.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, November 23.—Evening—Money on call was easy at 1½@2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper was 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange was quoted dull; actual business in bankers' bills 487½@487¾ for sixty days and 489 @489¼ for demand. Commercial bills 486½@487. Government bonds steady; United States coupon fours 111¾; United States twos 97. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 105¾; North Carolina sixes 124. Railroad bonds were lower.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was quiet.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, November 23—Evening Cotton quiet; middling gulf 8 13-16c; middling 8 9-16c.

Cotton futures—market closed firm; November 8 33, December 8 33, January 8 37, February 8 42; March 8 47; April 8 51, May 8 54, June 8 56, July 8 58; August 8 60, September —, October 8 25. Sales 134,800 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross 2,854 bales; exports to Great Britain —— bales; to France — bales; to the Continent —— bales; forwarded 469 bales; sales — bales, sales to spinners — bales; stock (actual) 181,055 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 25,827 bales; exports to Great Britain 14,196 bales; to France 15,483 bales; to the Continent 10,119 bales; stock 928,787 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 2,258,001 bales; exports to Great Britain 598,569 bales; exports to France 167,292 bales; exports to the Continent 519,488 bales.

NEW YORK, November 23—Flour was dull and easy at quotations; winter wheat low grades $2 35@2 75; fair to fancy $2 80@3

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M. D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards. THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.

ONE-HALF SIZE OF BOX.

POZZONI'S

COMPLEXION POWDER

has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.

POZZONI'S

is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.

With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD PUFF BOX is given free of charge.

AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

feb 4 1y

Wants.

One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading —Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

FOR

MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Muscles,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Eruptions,
Burns,	Stitches,	Hoof Ail,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Screw
Stings,	Backache,	Worms,
Bites,	Galls,	Swinney,
Bruises,	Sores,	Saddle Galls,
Bunions,	Spavin	Piles.
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.
The Housewife needs it for general family use.
The Canaller needs it for his teams and his men.
The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.
The Miner needs it in case of emergency.
The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.
The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Is immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

BABY SEED SONG.

Little brown seed, O little brown brother,
Are you awake in the dark?
Here we live comfy, close to each other,
Hark to the song of the lark!
"Waken!" the lark says. "Waken and dress you,
Put on your green coats, and gay
Blue sky will smile on you, sunshine caress you,
Waken, 'tis morning, 'tis May!"

Little brown seed, O little brown brother,
What kind of flower will you be?
I'll be a poppy, all white like my mother,
Do be a poppy like me!
What! You're a sunflower. How I shall miss you
When you're grown golden and high,
But I shall send all the bees up to kiss you!
Little brown brother, goodby!
—New York Tribune

ROUTED.

Pingwill was a nuisance. He married a respectable young woman of mature years and lives on her sufficiency, and he goes about pretending to be a literary character on the strength of an edition of a classic, an examination success at some university place or other, and occasional reviewing. He likes to talk about books and is offensively familiar with all the masterpieces and most of the rest of English literature. He considers gabble about books intellectual conversation. He regards a quiet man smoking in a chair as fair game for his scraps of quotation—which he is as eager to void as he is greedy to acquire—and he cannot understand that people who write books never read them and are full of bitter memories of their own adventures in authorship. He wears a pince nez, and Mrs. Pingwill, when present, echoes all his quavering severities with the explanation that "George is so satirical." He is exasperatingly reliable in the matter of names and dates, and at first, perhaps, we made the mistake of encouraging Pingwill.

Heydinger was the chief encourager of Pingwill. He is a humorist, a kind of person who sees jokes in things that rouse the passions of ordinary people, and he found an unaccountable pleasure in developing one particular aspect of the Pingwill constitution. No retired pork butcher's lady, no wife of a village rector who has married beneath him, could be more punctilious of her intimacy than Pingwill among his authors. And Pingwill was just as intensely sensitive to the breath of scandal, which in matters literary is called criticism. No one could be thicker with a really chic author; no one readier to "cut" the writer who fell under the shadow of adverse comment.

He was, in fact, a literary snob—a by no means rare variety—and he had an almost passionate dread of admiring the wrong man. He took reviews in the weeklies quite seriously. Naturally he had nothing but serene contempt for Dickens and Jerome and Mark Twain, and "people of that stamp." And Heydinger never tired of drawing him out upon Kipling. In a careless moment he had informed us that Kipling's style was rough and unfinished—it seems he tried for once to form a judgment for himself and had happened upon really quite vulgar and coarse expressions. After he had learned better from a review, the mere name filled him with uncomfortable memories. It was as if the rector's wife had cut the duchess by mistake. Horrible! Then he was privately in great trouble about Besant and Hall Caine. "Ought I to know them?" was the attitude. The oracles differed. He was deliciously guarded upon these authors under Heydinger's most searching questions, but his face flushed guiltily. Le Gallienne, Zangwill, and most of the younger men, who have warm friends and animated critics, bothered him more or less, and he had a horrible dread, I know, that Ruskin, whom he had committed himself to admire, was not quite all that he should be. "One has to be so very particular," was Pingwill's attitude.

However, after awhile we tired of this creature's odd way with books, and his proximity then became, as I say, a nuisance. But Heydinger, who had formed an adequate conception of his character, suggested the remedy, and together we routed him. Both Heydinger and I had got through a morning's work, and in he came, fresh and freshly primed. He dropped into a chair and emitted some indifferent remarks.

"I have heard," he said, "that these delicious child sketches of Kenneth Graham's are out in a book by themselves."

"Read 'em?" said Heydinger brutally.

"No—hardly—yet," said Pingwill, "but they're good, aren't they?"

"Very," said I, "but that's no reason why you should go about calling them delicious before you have read them."

"Perhaps not," said Pingwill. "Perhaps not."

"They remind me very much of Wendle Hooper," said Heydinger. "You know him, Bellows?"

"Intimately," I said. "I have one of his first editions at home."

"You will be reminded very much of Wendle Hooper," said Heydinger, turning to Pingwill.

"Indeed!" said Pingwill, stepping into the trap.

"The same subtle suggestiveness of phrase," said Heydinger. "The same delicate yet penetrating sympathy."

"I must certainly read them," said Pingwill, evidently searching his mind for the name of Wendle Hooper and flushing slightly.

"I know of no man," said Heydinger, "except, perhaps, Lant, who comes so near to Hooper as Graham. You know Lant's style, Pingwill?"

Pingwill flushed a little deeper, and his ears grew pink. "I can't say," said he, "that I've read"—

"He's not so well known as Hooper," I admitted. "He was in the little set that clustered round Leigh Hunt"—

Pingwill suddenly felt hotter again. "I think Leigh Hunt"— he began, evidently ready with a fragment of textbook.

"He borrowed from Lant," interrupted Heydinger. "Certainly he borrowed from Lant. That essay on the chimney pot hat"—

"Pure Lant," I said.

"I've neglected Lant a little, I am afraid," mumbled Pingwell, horribly bothered by this unknown name.

"You should read him," said I. "He's a perfect mine of good things. That passage in Browning, for instance. You were pointing out the resemblance only this morning, Heydinger."

"About the chattering disks," said Heydinger. "You remember that, Pingwell?"

"I think so," said Pingwell. "Chattering disks. I seem to recollect. How does it go?"

"The chattering disks go reeling," said Heydinger, inventing boldly. "You must remember."

Pingwell now was really very uncomfortable. But he was having a lively lesson in priggish conversation. "I wish I had my Lant here," said I.

"You surely remember about the chattering disks?" said Heydinger, turning as he pretended to search for a book on the shelf.

"The phrase is quite familiar to me," said Pingwell, "but for the life of me I can't recall the context! It's queer what tricks one's memory plays."

Heydinger quietly resumed his seat.

"Have you written anything lately?" said Pingwell to change the subject.

"Yes," said Heydinger, and seeing some further question threatened, added, as if in explanation, "Alvarados."

It pulled Pingwell up abruptly. "Alvarados! Ah!" he repeated after Heydinger, with an air of comprehension. If he understood, he was certainly wiser than I. His ears were now bright red. We remained tranquil, watching him. It was not my affair.

He returned to conversation presently with an air of having found and grasped the thing firmly. "Will you make them into a book?" he said bravely. A just perceptible dew was on his face. Heydinger evidently expected as much. "Them!" he answered. "What?"

"Well—it. Alvarados."

"It!" said Heydinger, raising his eyebrows. "I don't know," he said and became silent. Pingwill was evidently baffled. Very awkwardly, and after a pause, he said he hoped that would be the case. Heydinger thanked him dryly. There was an interval while we watched one another. Then he discovered his pipe was out—it always is—and asked me for the matches. He talked incoherently upon indifferent topics for a few minutes after that, and all the time I could see the trouble in his eyes, the awful doubt of his own omniscience that had arisen. Alvarados? Presently he rose to go. Routed.

As he went out I heard him whisper to himself very softly, "Alvarados!"

He has not been near us since. I can imagine the dismal times he has had hunting through Rabelais, Gil Blas, Hudibras, the Dictionary of Phrase and Fable for Alvarados, going through the British museum catalogue for Wendle Hooper and hunting all Browning for the "Chattering Discs," feeling most horribly ashamed of himself all the time. I like to think of his flush of shame, the overthrow of his frail apparatus of knowledge, and ever and again Heydinger and I break the friendly silences which constitute our intercourse by saying casually, "Pingwill seems to be dropping us altogether," or, "Don't seem to see so much of Pingwill as we used to do, Bellows." Such reflections are the olives of life.—H. G. Wells in New Budget.

Vesuvius a Popular Spectacle.

A Naples correspondent reports that the lava descends Vesuvius very slowly, straggling about the crags and small ravines. Therefore the spectacle from the observatory is very interesting, and, so far, quite safe. A large stretch of the mountain is covered by the lava from the new crater close by, and at some distance from its point of issue the fiery mass divides into smaller streams, which find their way down the inclines to the south of the observatory toward Resina. The country people around Vesuvius are more curious than prudent. They climb the mountain in all directions, some even crossing with foolhardy bravery the still smoking stream. Crowds of little boys play on its very edge, where it is not so deep as to emit unbearable heat, and pick up smoking bits to throw at each other. A strange crowd of sightseers! Men in their shirt sleeves, women in their white jackets, come along singing, playing the tambourine, beating time even on empty petroleum tins, anything to make a noise, taking the demonstration of the mountain as a good joke. A few carriages bring foreigners as far as it is possible, after which the tourists must walk. The people who keep little drinking shops on the highroad up the mountain drive a roaring trade.

DO FISHES TALK?

Here Is Testimony From a Man Who Thinks They Do.

We have heard of the language of monkeys, and of the language of hens, and of the language of crows, and even of ants, but it will be a new idea to most people, probably, that fishes have a language of their own. An English fisherman, Mr. Basil Field, has been making some investigations that lead him to suppose that fishes have some way of communicating a notion of their experiences to other fishes.

Mr. Field carried on his experiments in the fishponds of Mr. Andrew, at Guilford, England. Those ponds are full of trout, which, at the time when Mr. Field first visited them, were so little accustomed to being troubled that when he threw a baited hook into the water all the trout in sight—a great number—rushed eagerly upon it. He caught one, and removing it from the hook, threw it back into the pond.

Then he put in a freshly baited hook, and only two or three trout came after it. One of these he caught and threw back into the water. Again he resumed his fishing with a newly baited hook, and this time, although the pond was swarming with fish, it was only after a long time that he lured another trout to his bait. And after a little further time it was entirely impossible to catch a trout in this pond.

However, by experimenting in another pond equally well stocked and not throwing back any fish Mr. Field found that he could catch trout as long as he chose. The fish did not seem to understand that the removal of one of their number by this strange means meant danger to them, but came continually to the bait.

If, Mr. Field reasons, it is only when the captured fish, released, goes back and mingles with his fellows that the danger is learned, and then is learned instantly, it must follow that the released fish has some means of making the others understand the perils of the hook. This, whatever it is, may be called a "language."—Fortnightly Review.

NO HURRY IN NORWAY.

People Take Their Time There and Wonder at Yankee Visitors.

These Norwegians are a wonderfully patient people, says a correspondent. They never hurry. Why should they? There is always time enough. We breakfast at 9 o'clock. Monsieur goes to business at 10 or so, and returns to his dinner, like all the rest of the Scandinavian world, at 2:30. We reach coffee and cigarettes at about 4, and then monsieur goes back to his office, if he likes, for two or three hours. We sometimes see him again at supper at 8:30, but usually there is a game of whist, or a geographical society lecture, or a concert, or a friend's birthday fete (an occasion never overlooked by your true Norwegian), or some one has received a barrel of oysters, and would not, could not, dream of opening them without champagne and company—masculine company only. It seems to me that there are entirely too many purely male festivities here. In fact, the men say so themselves and that they would really enjoy many of the occasions much more if ladies were present. But "it is not the custom of the country" (a rock on which I am always foundering) to omit or to change in such matters. Monsieur only does as do all the other men of his age, which is elderly, and condition, which is solid.

There is a curious feeling concerning America over here in one way and another. Morgenbladet, the chief conservative paper, an organ locally of the first importance, keeps a sort of horror chamber of Americana. The reason is, I suppose, that in these very dark and troublous political times, when not only the union but the monarchy itself is threatened and tottering, the conservative interest thinks it dangerous to allow any virtue to appear in a republic, and especially in ours, the most flourishing, and therefore the most pernicious, example of that invention of evil bred.—San Francisco Examiner.

A CITY MISSION.

"I'm not much out here, but I'm all right in my place, and if either of you ever want help just call on Dick Gifford," he said to the two men who had nursed him. "I was a fool to try that ride in the sun, but mother is sick, and I must get back home. I couldn't wait until night to start."

"And so you waited here three weeks to get another start," said one of his nurses, whose name was Jim.

The next night Bob and Jim—Bob was Jim's chum—stood shading their eyes with their hands and staring down the trail. Far away were the dim forms of a horse and rider, headed for Tucson, the nearest railroad town.

* * * * * * *

It was a bitterly cold night, and none but those forced by necessity was upon the streets. Even for a Chicago January the weather was severe. All day the mercury in the street thermometers had been below the zero mark. As night came on a northeast gale rushed down across the lake and pierced with its humid cold even through the warmest clothing. Up and down Clark street tramped homeless men. With their scanty rags pulled tight about them, and with hands and wrists stuffed as far into their pockets as they would go, the homeless ones wandered aimlessly up and down. Degraded and brutalized as most of them were, there was something pathetic about them. On, on, on, never to stop; forced on by the police and forced on by the cold; tempted to stand in a hot blast coming from some subterranean furnace and then elbowed on by the hurrying crowd which, going home, had no thought for the homeless.

In this army of wanderers was a man, tall and strong of build, but wasted and thin by privation and sickness. His full beard, rough and uncared for, hid the gauntness of his face more completely than his clothing hid that of his body. In his mouth he held a short brier pipe, which, though empty, seemed to afford him some satisfaction and a sense of companionship. Up the street he walked until he came to the river. Then as an icy blast struck him he turned and instinctively looked for shelter. On the corner was a saloon, through the frost covered windows of which the brilliant lights seemed to tell of the warmth and good cheer within. Hesitatingly he opened the door and entered. A moment later he was rudely pushed out, with the information that "this is no lodging house for tramps."

Down the street he wandered, past restaurants where the savory odor of the cooking only intensified his hunger and past saloons which he would not enter. He was shivering, and at last, nerved by his suffering, he approached a man who was waiting for a car.

"Can you spare me a dime for a bed?" he said.

The man glanced at him and moved away.

Something like a blush tinged the cheek of the homeless one and gave it a color which even the stinging wind could not impart.

On down the street he went, his hands in his pockets and his pipe clinched between his teeth. On past saloons and lodging houses he wandered. There seemed to be nothing else, but there was no place open for him. A little ahead of him bright rays of light streamed from a building and lighted the icy sidewalk. It had no meaning for him, and he did not even look up until the sound of singing struck his ear.

"Rock of ages, cleft for me,
Let me hide myself in thee."

He heard the words, strong and full from the lungs of men who sang lustily if not skillfully. Looking up, he saw the word "Mission" above the door. On the windows were the inscriptions, "Knock and it shall be opened unto you" and "Enter thou into the kingdom of the Lord."

Timidly approaching the door, the wanderer opened it and entered. There was no one to put him out. Instead some men standing by the stove made room for him to approach. Instinctively he took his hat from his head and buried his pipe in his pocket.

Among the men by the stove was one who had noticed the wanderer's entrance and had since followed his movements anxiously and curiously. The man was in the prime of life, and his fur lined overcoat and the sealskin cap sticking from one pocket showed him to be prosperous. He had been listening to the mission exercises, but with the arrival of the wanderer they had lost all interest for him.

As he watched the tramp by force of habit felt in his pocket, and finding his pipe brought it to his mouth and held it tightly in his teeth.

Then the stranger stepped behind the homeless one, and being over him said quietly, "Bob Graham."

The tramp started to his feet and looked anxiously in the eyes of the stranger. Then he shook his head slowly and said, "You've got the best of me."

"Don't you remember Dick Gifford?" asked the stranger. Still Graham's head shook slowly while he seemed to be making an effort to bring his whole life before him. "Don't you remember Dick Gifford," the stranger repeated, "and the Gila river and your shack where you and Jim Merrifield took care of the stranger who had the fever?"

Slowly the light of remembrance and recognition dawned in Graham's eyes.

"I remember," he faltered, "and you were going to your mother. And you're Dick Gifford"— Then he broke down.

Quietly Gifford led him to the mission. Over to State street he hurried him and to a restaurant, where only Gifford's prosperous appearance secured them admission.

"And where is Jim—Jim Merrifield?" Gifford asked at last.

"Dead," said Graham, with a strange quaver in his voice. "We lost our sheep and our money and decided to try life in civilization. We came here and looked for work. We got it at last—shoveling coal. Think of it—Jim, a university man, shoveling coal. But he couldn't stand it, and the bad air and damp killed him. It pretty nearly finished me, but I"— Graham could say no more, but Gifford understood.

"One of the chief supporters of the little Clark Street mission now is a gray haired Englishman named Graham. 'He's white,' said one of the workers in speaking of him. 'He was down on his luck once and he ain't forgot what it is to be cold and hungry.'"—New York Tribune.

Economy of Shoeblacking.

Every morning on South Sixth street can be seen a well dressed, one legged young man getting his only shoe shined. The other limb has been amputated at the hip. As he stands on the one crutch he carries, with the shoe resting on the bootblack's box, he is the cynosure of passersby. "That young man is a regular customer," said the shiner in reply to questions asked of him. "No; he doesn't pay the regular price of 5 cents, but gives me 15 cents every week. As he only has one foot and has his shoe shined every day I do the job at half price. I have other customers of a similar character, as this neighborhood is thickly populated with cripples."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

He Rose to the Occasion.

The Daughter—I was so ashamed of you, pa, at Mrs. Upinstyle's dinner when you took your pie in your hand to eat it.

The Sire—Waal, I knew it wan't proper, Mahree Ann, but I couldn't do nothin else. They didn't bring me no knife, only a fork and spoon.—Buffalo Express.

The Devil's Table.

In a pasture near Grafenberg, Bavaria, there is a large, flat bowlder lying prone upon the ground in such a manner that the smooth surface forms a splendid dancing floor. It is locally known as the Teufelstisch, or Devil's Table, and tradition says that in ancient times his satanic majesty and a large concourse of imps often danced upon it from midnight until morning.—St. Louis Republic.

Men trust rather to their eyes than to their ears. The effect of precepts is therefore slow and tedious, while that of examples is summary and effectual.—Seneca.

The shoe leather annually worn out by the people of the United States is said to cost $180,000,000.

TRUTH.

We are doing more business for the Cash than any Dry Goods Store in the city. The truth of the facts are, we Sell Goods Cheaper than anybody else. We are pushing Cloaks, Capes and Jackets and also Millinery and Dress Goods. Our line of Capes in light weight Saxony Wool, with Fine Fringe at 50c each. A special job in Beaver Capes at $1.98; in better Beaver Capes, nicely braided at $2.75; in Red Plush at $5.00 and 10.00 each; in Fine Fur Capes from $4.00 up to 5.00, and 7.50 up to 35.00 each. We are rushing Clothing and Overcoats. A Good Wool Suit from $3.75, 4.90, 5.50, 6.50, 7.50, 7.98, 10.00 and 12.50 a suit. We have fully one hundred styles to select from in Beaver Overcoats. Long, new style coats with Velvet Collars, well made and well finished at $5.50. In black the same Coats at $6.95. These coats are worth $13.50 each. A fine line of Youths' Suits at $3.00, 4.00 and 5.00 a suit. Youths' Overcoats from $3.00 to 4.50. Eight thousand pairs of Shoes of all kinds—for ladies, children, babies and men. We can suit you and save you money. A new lot of fine Tam O'Shanter Caps with fine gold bands at 50c each—the nicest lot of Caps in the city. Are you in need of Dress Goods of any style? We have Fine Patterns from $5.00 to 9.50. 4-4 inch Serge at 40c a yard. A beautiful line of Plaids at 8, 12½ and 15c a yard; more at 25, 40 and 60c a yard. Come to the Racket Store and get your Goods Cheap. We are at 119 North Front street, opposite the Orton House.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

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nov 17 tf

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nov 7 tf

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June 8 1m

IT

HAS BEEN A LONG TIME since we have had anything to say to you; but what is the use? Your conscience will tell you right from wrong. Search your-self, and see if you have chosen the right side. We are doing late styles of hair cutting that others will learn to do a year hence. The oldest and best shop in the city. If you do not know where the place is, ask the clerk of the Purcell House, and he will tell you. H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS.

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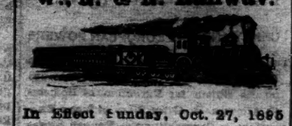
W. N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, Oct. 27, 1895

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND	STATIONS	SOUTH BOUND
		No. 7
P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M
3 00	Lv., Malberry street ..Ar	12 40
6 18	Lv. Jacksonville Lv	10 48
4 20	Lv. Mayesville.....Lv	10 09
4 44	Lv. Pollocksville.....Lv	9 35
5 52	Ar. Newbern Lv	9 30
P M		A M

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

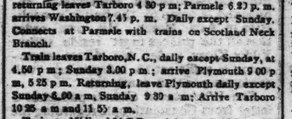
Connection with Steamers at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Friday.

Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.

H. A. WHITING, General Manage

J. W. MARTIN, Traffic Manager. oct 27 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



SCHEDULE IN EFFECT NOV. 17, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.47 a m, Warsaw 11.01 a m, Goldsboro 11.56 a m, Wilson 12.40 p m, Rocky Mount 1.17 p m, Tarboro 2.48 p m, Weldon 3.32 p m, Petersburg 5.39 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m. Baltimore 12.58 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.58 a m, Boston 8.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.16 p m, Wilson 10.23 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 a m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.33 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 3.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M No. 58—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.25 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.48 p m, Columbia 10.10 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 9.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.13 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 10.15 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 3.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.58 a m, Tarboro 12.20 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.15 p m.

DAILY 10.00 a m No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 3.25 p m, Washington 5.30 p m; Richmond 7.15 p m, Petersburg 8.13 p m, †Norfolk 5.10 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.55 p m, Rocky Mount 10.20 p m, arrive leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 8.02 a m, Magnolia 8.17 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11 50 a m No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.20 a m, Sanford 1.00 p m, Jacksonville 6.30 p m Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.35 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Florence 8.35 a m, Marion 10.00 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 2.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7.45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.30 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 10 a m returning leaves Tarboro 4.30 p m; Parmele 6.20 p. m. arrives Washington 7.45 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9.00 p m, 5.25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9.30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10.25 a m and 11.55 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6.05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C. 8.00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9.30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton daily except Sunday at 7 a m and 5.30 p m; returning leave Clinton at 11.10 a m, and 6.50 p m.

Trainson South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 11 20 a m and 7 15 p m, Lucknow 1 00 p m, and 8 15 p m; returning leave Lucknow 6 30 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Elliott 8 00 a m and 3 30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 5.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 19 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6 08 p m, arrives Dillon 6.21 p m, Latta 6.34 p m, Pee Dee 6.57 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Clio 6 05 p m; returning leave Clio 6 10 a m, arrive Latta 7 30 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.50 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Chester and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.15 a m, 8.45 a m, †3.30 a m, 7 35 p m, arrive Darlington 8.55 a m, 9.30 a m, †5.30 a m, 8 p m, Hartsville 9.10 a m and 9.50 p m, Bennettsville 8 54 p m, Gibson 9 30 p m, Cheraw S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m. Returning leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 5.45 p m, Gibson 9 47 a m, Bennettsville 6 16 a m, Hartsville 6.30 a m, †6 45 a m, Darlington 7.30 a m; †7 30 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.05 p m, arrive Florence 7.05 a m, †7 55 a m, 5 p m, 6.45 p m. †Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.31 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lane's 6.39 a m, Manning 6.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m; 3.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 2 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.35 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.10 p m, arrive Selma 3.53 p m, Smithfield 5.05 p m, Dunn 5.44 p m, Fayetteville 6.30 p m. 1.07 a m, Rowland 6.08 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.31 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 6.40 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.35 p m, Selma 12.59 p m, arrive Wilson 1.50 p m, 11.38 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington †7 25 a m, arrives Sumter †8 55 a m. Leave Sumter †10 a m, arrives Pregnalls †54 0 p m. Leaves Sumter 4 23 a m, arrives Denmark 63 0 a m. Returning leaves Denmark 4 17 p m, arrive Sumter 6 05 p m. Leaves Pregnalls †8 50 a m, arrives Sumter †8 05 p m. Leaves Sumter †6 05 a m, arrives Darlington †7 55 p m. †Daily except Sunday.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

I. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. nov 20 tf

The State,

RALEIGH, N. C.

ON WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23d, I WILL begin the publication at Raleigh of THE STATE, a weekly Democratic newspaper.

The watch-word of THE STATE will be a radfast support of the Democratic Party and its well-established principles, and White Supremacy and intelligent and honest administration of public affairs in North Carolina.

THE STATE will adv

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, Nov. 24, 1895

SPOTS AND FUTURES

The Total Visible Supply of Cotton—New York Sun's Review of the Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—The total visible supply of cotton for the world is 3,606,587 bales, of which 3 273 385 bales are American, against 3,859,357 bales and 3,606,157 bales respectively last year. Receipts of cotton this week at all interior towns 175,304 bales. Receipts from the plantations 288,317 bales. Crop in sight 3,249 876 bales.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—The *Sun* says: Cotton rose twelve to fourteen points and closed firm, with sales of 135,800 bales. Liverpool firm on the spot with sales of 10,000 bales; futures advanced two and a half points and closed steady. New Orleans advanced eleven to twelve points. New Orleans expects on Monday 18,000 bales, possibly 16,000, against 15,298 last week. The port receipts were 25,338 bales, against 27,942 last Saturday. Spot cotton here was quiet at 1-16c advance. Middling upland 8 9 16c. The port exports approximated 40,000 bales. Came into sight during the week 299,358 bales, making the total in sight November 22, 3,249,876 bales, against 4,468,513 at this date last season. The world's visible supply is now 3,608,587 bales, including 3,274,385 American, against 3 852,357 at this time last year, of which 3,606,157 were American. The exports from the ports thus far this season are 1,258,023 bales, against 2,016,433 thus far last season.

To-day's features: The governing factors were the small receipts and the brisk demand for cotton. The Liverpool spot sales to-day were surprisingly large for a Saturday; the tone there was strong Manchester continued to send encouraging reports. New Orleans was higher. Spot cotton here was advanced and some who sold short yesterday re purchased their cotton to-day. The speculation is confined for the most part to professional operators. There is a growing impression that that the crop is only 7,000,000, or less, and that the market is destined to reach much higher prices before the season is ended.

S. C. CONVENTION.

Section Relating to Lynching Changed—Provision Against Released Freight Rates by Railroads Stricken Out.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, November 23.—The Constitutional Convention to-day gave a third reading to the articles on declaration of rights and jurisprudence. A good many ordinances were also disposed of. The section relating to lynchings was changed so as to allow the family of the person lynched to recover $2,000 from the county, the county having recourse upon the lynchers.

The provision against "released" freight rates by railroads was stricken out, but passenger rates of such a character cannot be changed.

A third member of the Convention has died, and no afternoon session was held out of respect to his memory.

COLUMBIA, S C., Nov 23.—In the Convention to-night much heavy work was done. The article on corporations was completed and sent to its third reading, the section permitting new street railways to come in and use the track of established roads being stricken out. The article was sent to the committee on style and revision. The calendar was then tackled in an aggressive manner and some six ordinances and the articles on eminent domain were sent through. Things are in such shape now that there is no reason why the Convention cannot complete its work on Monday and Tuesday and get to Atlanta on Wednesday afternoon after all.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

December Wheat Closed Higher—May Corn a Shade Lower—Oats Unchanged—January Pork a Shade Higher.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, Nov. 23.—December wheat opened from 56⅛ to 58c, advanced to 58¼ closing at 56¼ bid, a shade higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was steady and without essential change in value.

Lighter receipts of corn than expected were posted this morning, 376 cars against an estimate of 416. May corn opened at 29½c, sold between 29½@29¼ and 29@29½c, closing at the latter, a shade under yesterday. Cash corn was quiet and steady.

Trading was confined to professionals and carriers, and very little of that was done in oats. The range of prices showed 1-16c. Oats closed unchanged from yesterday. Cash oats were unchanged.

Provisions—An advance in hogs and the strength afforded traders a pretext for buying, the effect of which was seen in slight gains early in the session. Later in the day those who had bought turned sellers and the appreciation in prices disappeared. January pork closed a shade higher than yesterday, January lard and ribs unchanged Domestic markets were quiet and steady.

A WOMAN MURDERED.

Her Body Found in the Ruins of a Burned Building—Two Negroes Charged with the Murder Arrested.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, S. C., November 23.—A special to the *State* from Hodges, S. C., says: This morning an unoccupied building, four miles from here, in which fodder was stored, was burned. Afterwards, the body of a woman was found in the ruins with arms and legs burned off. The body is that of Narcissus Bagnall, a young white woman, who yesterday started to Hodges to take the train for Atlanta. She had thirty dollars when last seen by her friends. John Mitchell and Wash Ware, two negroes, have been arrested charged with the murder. One of them took the woman's trunk to the station. Ware has made a statement that Mitchell did the killing, placed the body in the old house and set fire to the fodder. Both negroes have been lodged in jail at Abbeville. There is talk of lynching. The inquest is in progress.

BANK STATEMENT.

Weekly Statement of Associated Banks.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes: Reserve decrease, $809,100; loans decrease, $321,900; specie increase, $516,700; legal tenders decrease $1,590,800; deposits decrease, $1,058,000; circulation decrease $308,000. The banks now hold $19,594,950 in excess of the 25 per cent legal requirements.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 23.—Spirits turpentine quiet and easy at 27½@28c. Rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1 70@1 75.

CHARLESTON, November 23.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25c; receipts 14 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 20@1 30; receipts 201 barrels.

SAVANNAH, November 23.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25½c. Rosin firm and unchanged.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

TURKEY AND THE EUROPEAN POWERS

The British Ambassador Instructed to Refrain from Exerting Undue Pressure on the Sultan for Execution of Reforms in Armenia—A Grim Story of Secret Executions in Constantinople—English Newspapers Discuss the Partition of Turkey—The German Press Express Confidence in the Sultan.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, November 23.—The contempt with which Prime Minister Salisbury, when speaking last Tuesday at the meeting of the National Union of Conservatives, treated the proposals of the Protectionists relative to the imposition of a tariff on wheat, oats, barley and hops has keenly disappointed the agriculturalists, who trusted that the accession of the Tories to office would imply some medium of protection. The Government, he added, had no intention of placing a tariff on any article of general commerce. It was seeking by other means to relieve the agricultural distress.

Unable to gratify the party yearning for protection, the Government is preparing to gratify the desires for sectarian education. Lord Salisbury used a suggestive phrase in speaking to a deputation of Bishops who visited him on Wednesday. He said: "We must do what we can and what we can do must be done quickly." The Prime Minister evidently meant that the sectarian day of triumph might be brief and that he was ready to grant urgency to the educational reforms approved by the clericals. The earnestness of the Bishops over the question is unmistakable. The Archbishop of Canterbury left a bed of sickness for the purpose of heading the deputation, and he spoke under the strain of suffering.

It can be authoritatively stated that Lord Salisbury's instructions to Sir Philip Currie, the British Ambassador to Turkey, who left England a few days ago on his return to his post of duty, are to refrain from exerting undue pressure on the Sultan for the execution of the reforms in Armenia and to give the Porte time to recover from the existing administrative anarchy and to appoint authorities through whom the reforms must be effected.

Sir Philip has taken with him an autograph letter from the Queen to the Sultan. This is supposed to be a reply to a letter the Sultan sent to her with the communication he sent to Lord Salisbury, which the latter read at the meeting of the National Union of Conservatives at Brighton on Tuesday night last. It is reported that the Queen will invite the Sultan to visit England when the time shall be auspicious. The anxiety at the Foreign Office in regard to the East has greatly lessened during the week.

King Humbert of Italy, the Shah of Persia and the Mikado of Japan are credited with the intention of visiting England in the Spring. It is said that the Shah will be accompanied by his eldest son, Muzafer-Ed-Din, the valiadh or heir apparent to the throne.

The temporary lull in the Turkish crisis gives the Conservative press occasion to publish radiant eulogies on Lord Salisbury as the savior of the peace of Europe. He alone, it is claimed, has preserved the continuity of concerted action by the Powers; he is the greatest living figure in diplomacy, and he extorts the admiration of foreign statesmen, etc., etc. There is no doubt that the Prime Minister's reputation has been enhanced by the tact with which he has manipulated the diplomatic tangle in the East, but the Conservative jubilations are premature and likely to be turned into ridicule by future developments in Constantinople. The latest and best advices received on the Continent concur with those received in London that the Turkish revolutionary party is making headway against the Sultan, whose promised reforms are held in derision. Batches of suspects are daily deported from Constantinople and secretly imprisoned in some of the Sultan's outlettes in Asia Minor. His own order that all the princes must reside within Yildiz Kiosk under his direct supervision is sufficient to indicate how volcanic the position continues.

The *Westminster Gazette* publishes a letter from Constantinople regarding the secret executions, and the writer tells a grim story. Divers who are employed in driving piles for a new pier outside the Golden Horn, on reaching bottom, were surprised to find a number of bodies standing upright around the place that had been designated for the driving of the piles. One of the divers identified them as the bodies of students, some of whom had been known to him personally. All had heavy leads tied to their feet, causing them to stand erect, the corpses thus being given a weirdly lifelike appearance, They numbered between forty and fifty.

Apart from the Conservative bluff it is generally recognized that the Powers must prepare to deal early with a radical solution of the Turkish problem. In discussing the partition of Turkey the English press of both parties does not shrink from claiming a fat share of the spoils for Great Britain.

The *St. James Gazette* holds that Egypt and Arabia, with that part of Persia joining the British-Indian system, though Beloochistan, should be British. The assent of the Shah of Persia to the scheme does not matter. Southern Persia, the paper says, is ripe to fall at the first shake.

The *Spectator* speaks on similar lines. The *Westminster Gazette*, advocating more modest British rights, suggests that the United States may have a finger in the pie. It recalls Richard Cobden's fancy, published in a pamphlet in 1836, entitled "England, Ireland and America," in which he pictured the Pashalik transformed into free States controlled by Americans and transformed into a centre of beneficent religion and prosperous civilization. Cobden's letters show that an Americanized Turkey haunted his mind. While admitting that this is an illusion, the Westminster *Gazette* says that it is not a hopelessly erratic one. Robert College, it adds, is not the least powerful of the agencies in Asia Minor. If the American people intervened, it asks, what might not happen? The Government proposes to ask for an increase of £3,000,000 in the coming budget on the vote for ship building. This will raise the Navy estimates to £32 000,000, nearly half of which will be devoted to ship building.

It is likely that the trouble in the shipbuilding yards on the Clyde and at Belfast will result in the sending of some prospective contracts partly to the United States and partly to Germany. The report current early in the week that Capt. McClure will come to England as the agent of the Chinese Government, and with authority to enter into contracts for the construction of iron-clads, gunboats and torpedo boats, is repeated. The orders, it is said, will extend over years, and it is understood that they are the largest ever given by any Power at one time. As Japan is certain to spend on ship-building a large portion of the £14,000,000 indemnity now lying in the Bank of England, the English firms expect a full tide of prosperity, barring strikes. The latest feature of the labor dispute is a proposed coalition of the Tyne ship-builders with those of the Clyde and Belfast. The dispute does not promise an early settlement.

Although the expedition that is to go to Ashantee is not likely to fight anybody, the forces have been increased. The special weakness of the army was shown by the difficulty in finding men who were fit for the service required. One infantry regiment could show no full grown men, the ranks being filled with young and weedy soldiers. Several regiments did not have a sufficient number of full grown men to supply the demand.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 23.—The report circulated by the Reuter Telegram Company that the Sultan had issued firmans allowing the Powers to have two gunboats or guardships at Constantinople is untrue. The Sultan has not yet granted such firmans.

In an interview yesterday Tewfik Pasha, Minister of Foreign Affairs, declared that order was being restored everywhere in the provinces on the approach of troops. Erzeroum and Adora was pacific throughout. The reform commission was actively laboring and had already formulated a list of the new officials.

Sir Philip Currie, the English Ambassador, arrived here to-day.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—A dispatch from Shanghai states that a Chinese army under Gen. Tangh-Fuh-Siang which was sent to subdue the Kansu rebels, has been utterly defeated at Hsian. The rebels are now masters of half the Province of Kansu.

BERLIN, Nov. 23.—Before going to Letzlingen on his hunting trip the Emperor gave an audience to M. De Szogenyi-Marich, the Austrian Ambassador to Germany, with whom he had a prolonged conference, and upon his return from Letzlingen, on Tuesday, he invited himself, upon very short notice to dine with the Austrian Ambassador. Obviously this latter act of courtesy was intended to emphasize the *entente* between Germany and Austria upon the situation in the East as well as to enable the Emperor to learn the latest phase of the diplomacy of Count Goluchowski the Austrian Minister of Foreign Affairs. The confidence felt in official circles here that the Sultan will be successful in preserving order in European Turkey and carrying out the reforms in Armenia is increasing. According to the correspondent of the Hamburg *Correspondens* in Constantinople, the interview had with the Sultan by Baron De Calfice, the Austrian ambassador to Turkey, has assisted in creating clearer views of his practical grasp of the situation than has hitherto been held in official circles in Vienna and Berlin. Baron De Calfice speaking of Austria and Germany made clear to the Sultan that the demands of the Powers could not be evaded and that disorders in every part of Turkey must positively be suppressed and administrative reforms taken up and carried into effect. In the course of his interviews with the Ottoman Emperor Baron De Calfice obtained advice that the Armenian Committee in London had renewed their incitement to an uprising in Constantinople but that the Sultan had become aware of their designs and had been successful in defeating them all.

Semi-official newspapers which have long been silent in regard to the situation in the East have now suddenly followed the lead of the *Correspondence* in attacking the Armenian Committee for having incited agitation leading to outrages. The *Gazette* on Friday, in an article quoting the recent protest made by the Russian Ambassador to Constantinople to the Armenian Patriarch, blames the Armenian priests for exciting the people by promises of armed assistance from foreign countries.

The *North German Gazette* contends that the existence of an independent Armenian State is impossible, having neither geographic nor ethnic unity. The paper then attacks the London Armenian Committee, accusing them of employing dishonest forms of agitation in sensational telegrams and bogus stories of horrors designed to work upon the British humanitarian sentiment for the purpose of forcing the British Cabinet to take action against the Porte. The article concludes by asserting that the Moslem inhabitants of the disturbed villages have suffered nearly as much as the Armenians have from the raids of the Kurds. Besides the article from which the foregoing is quoted, the paper makes a display of a semi-official Constantinople dispatch praising the energy so splendidly displayed by the Sultan during the crisis, proving his great qualities as a sovereign which are now promising speedy and excellent results.

Dr. Stoecker's paper, *Das Volk*, publishes without comment to-day the announcement that the ecclesiastical courts are about to inquire into Stoecker's relations with Baron Von Hammerstein, formerly chief editor of the *Kreus Zeutung* who absconded some time ago while under the charges of forgery and embezzlement.

The inquiry is not to be made upon the initiative of the Emperor but is rather due to the representations of high ecclesiastics who are annoyed at Dr. Stoecker's nominal retention of his post as court chaplain, while he was at the same time concerned in questionable politics, associated with his advocacy of Christian socialism and anti-Semitism.

ATLANTA EXPOSITION.

Arrival of Mayor Strong of New York and Party.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, November 23.—Mayor W. L. Strong, of New York, and party arrived at 4 45 this afternoon. Troop A was drawn up along the curb opposite the depot and there was a big crowd waiting to catch a glimpse of the mayor of the metropolis. He was cheered when he stepped into the carriage which was in waiting and again when he passed through the crowded street escorted by troop A. With the Mayor were the Hon. Seth Low, of Columbia College, Gen. Anson G. McCook, Gen. C. H. T. Collins, Job Hedges and the Mayor's son, Bradley Strong; ex-Mayor Thomas W. Gilroy and a score of well-known New Yorkers were on the train. Mayor Strong and his party are at the Aragon Hotel. There are nearly a thousand New Yorkers here now and more are coming to-morrow.

The indications point to a rousing time in honor of Manhattan day Monday. The military parade from the city to the Exposition grounds will be imposing. Besides troop A, the Governor's Horse Guards of Alanta and the Gate City Guards will be in the line. The oratorical programme has not yet been definitely arranged.

CONVICTED OF MURDER.

The Hubbard Brothers who Killed Wm. Lines at Jacksonville, Florida.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., Nov. 23.—Jos. and Robt. Hubbard, brothers, were convicted in the Circuit Court to-day of killing Wm. Lines, a young Englishman. Jos. Hubbard was found guilty of murder in the first degree and Robert of manslaughter. Lines was killed last Christmas. The evidence showed that he insulted the Hubbard boys and was beating them with a heavy stick when Joseph shot. After the killing the Hubbard boys fled to their father's home in North Carolina, where they remained some months and then voluntarily returned and were released on a small bond. The verdict is a great surprise, as it is the general opinion that the evidence justified an acquittal.

A dispatch from Rome says the holding of the secret consistory, which was fixed for November 25th, has been postponed until November 29th.

A Child Enjoys

The pleasant favor, gentle action and soothing effects of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle on hand.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

THE GOLD RESERVE.

MEASURES FOR ITS PROTECTION TAKEN BY THE GOVERNMENT.

It is Supposed That the Result Will Prevent the Necessity of Another Bond Issue.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, November 23.—The Administration to-day decided upon a plan to replenish the gold reserve, which, it is confidently expected, will have the effect of deferring for some time at least, the issue of bonds for that purpose. The following circular was sent to the sub-Treasury officers:

Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., Nov. 23, 1895.

Sir—Department instruction of July 8th and August 28rd, 1895, requiring you to reject and place a distinguishing mark on all gold coins presented to your office for deposit which are found to be below the least current weight, are hereby so modified as to instruct you, when requested, to accept all such coins at valuation in proportion to their actual weight, such valuation to be determined by deducting from the nominal value 4c for each grain, Troy, found below the standard weight on each piece. All light weight pieces thus received by you are to be held in the cash of your office separate from full weight coins, and each bag of such coins to be plainly marked with the amount of the face and actual value of contents. If the depositor should prefer to have the pieces that are found to be below the least current weight returned to him, you will, before returning them, stamp each piece with the distinguishing mark referred to in department letter.

[Signed.] "SCOTT WIKE,
"Acting Secretary."

U. S. Treasurer Morgan followed this circular with instructions to the sub-Treasury offices to receive from banks and others United States gold coin in exchange for paper currency. Deposits are required to be made in sums of $500, and the express charges on gold coin and paper currency returned therefor will be borne by the Treasury Department. Except in special cases the Treasury has never before paid express charges both ways on gold deposits in exchange for paper and on the paper.

The banks have for years endeavored to induce the Treasury to do this and the fact that it has at last done so is evidence that Secretary Carlisle has determined, as the President has heretofore announced would be done, to exhaust all he means in his power to maintain the gold reserve. It is not understood that this new departure will be permanent; it is looked upon as a temporary expedient to obtain gold. The expenses to banks and others has always been large in securing new currency in cases of redemption, and in paying express charges on the returned currency when gold was deposited for it. Under this new temporary arrangement the Treasury pays the charges heretofore borne by the bankers. The rate paid by the Government under its contract with the express companies, however, is less than the rate charged individual shippers. The Government rate in all territory east of the Pacific slope is fifty cents per $1,000 for gold and twenty cents per $1,000 for paper.

It will be the aim of the Treasury to keep sub-Treasuries supplied with all denominations of currency so that depositors may receive what they desire promptly. They will not have to wait until the certificate of the gold deposit is transferred to Washington. Treasury officials explain that confining shipments to $500 or multiples thereof, is to keep within the terms of the contract with the express companies.

This restriction does not apply to local deposits of gold in a sub-Treasury city where any sum may be deposited and currency received for the same.

FOOT BALL.

Yale Defeated Princeton and Harvard was Defeated by Pennsylvania.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, November 23.—Yale defeated Princeton to-day for the fifteenth time during the two decades of foot ball history between the two universities. When time was called at the end of two thirty-five minutes halves the big score board on the north side of the Manhattan field indicated that Yale had won by twenty points to her opponents' ten. It was one of the greatest matches ever played between the two rivals and until the ball had been in play for some time it was a question of great uncertainty which team would come off victorious. But it soon became evident that Princeton's much-vaunted defence was not standing the battering the Yale backs were giving it. On the other hand, her backs proved somewhat better than had been expected, especially in the matter of kicking when neither side could be said to have much the advantage. The game, however, cannot be considered a kicking game in comparison with previous games of the year, punting being chiefly resorted to when the ball was in danger of being lost on downs.

The excitement over the contest commenced early on Friday night. The college contingents began to arrive early, and all day long and far into the night one could scarcely step on Broadway without running across a crowd of football enthusiasts eagerly discussing the chances for the two great teams. Until a late hour at night the lobbies and bar rooms of the leading hotels were filled with the college men. Considerable money was wagered at odds of five to four with a few at ten to seven offered by Yale. One bet of $1,000 to $800 was laid by Yale men last night at the Waldorf and the entire amount was soon covered by Princeton.

BOSTON, November 24.—The University of Pennsylvania defeated Harvard in their annual game to-day by a score of 17 to 14. Fully 13,000 people saw the game, which was intensely exciting from start to finish. The field was soft and muddy, and in the second half a strong wind came up which swept down the field and gave Pennsylvania big advantage.

Harvard's defeat can be explained in one sentence—her failure to kick two goals which would have won her the game. In spite of her defeat, Harvard clearly outplayed her opponents and in the second half had the Pennsylvania team on the run. It was merely a question of a few minutes before she would have scored a gain. It was a singular fact that all of the scoring done by both sides was due to blocked punts.

The game was remarkably free from unnecessary roughness and slugging, and the officials were so effective and watchful that offside playing and holding proved too costly to be indulged in by either side. Harvard made a plucky and desperate uphill fight in the second half with the score 17 to 8 against them and a strong wind blowing down the field, by which Brooke was enabled to punt sixty or seventy yards, while the best Brewer could do was sixty.

Before the game even money was offered by Pennsylvania men that Harvard would not score, although the odds on the final score went down perceptibly.

Detroit—Michigan 20; Minnesota 0.

Easton, Pa.—Lafayette 14; Lehigh 6

West Point—Cadets 26. Brown University 0.

Albany—Union College 6; Wesleyan 0.

LYNCHING IN GEORGIA.

The Victim Taken from Jail and Killed by a Mob.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., November 23.—A special to the *Morning News* from Mount Vernon, the county seat of Montgomery county, Ga., says that L. W. Perdue was this morning taken from jail by a mob, carried to the woods, where his throat was cut from ear to ear and his body riddled with bullets. At a late hour to-night his body was still lying in the woods.

The victim of the mob's rage was about 51 years old, a school teacher, a graduate of Yale College and until his arrest about six weeks ago was regarded as a highly respected citizen. He was a married man and leaves a wife, two sons and two daughters. About six weeks ago he was arrested on a warrant sworn out by a Mr. Grady, whose daughter, Miss Mattie Grady, it was alleged he had ruined. The girl was his pupil and assistant in the school. The alleged crime was committed nearly two years ago. The child of the girl, it is said, died nearly a year ago. The girl made the charge against Perdue only about six weeks ago and Perdue has been in jail awaiting trial. He was indicted last week.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

A Caucus of Southern Representatives to be Held Wednesday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—Representative McCall of Tennessee arrived in this city this morning and states that a caucus of Southern Republican Representatives will probably be held Wednesday evening next to consider matters in connection with the organization of the House. All Southern Republicans will be asked to participate in Wednesday's caucus.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

Services in St John's Church to-day by the Rector at 7.45 and 10 a m. Sunday School 4 p m.

Services in Seamen's Bethel to-day at 8 p m, conducted by Rev Dr Carmichael. All marine men specially invited to attend.

St Paul's church, Fourth & Orange streets, Rev. F. N. Skinner, Rector. Services to-day, Sunday next before Advent, at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School at 3 30 p. m. All seats free.

COLORED CHURCHES.

Shiloh Baptist Church, corner Walnut and MacRae streets; P F Maloy, pastor. Preaching 11 a m, 8 p m and 8 p m. Endeavor Society 4 30 p m. Sunday school 12 00 p m. Visitors and strangers welcome.

There will be preaching to-day at the First Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Campbell streets, at 11 a m. Sunday School at 1 p m. Preaching at 3 p m by Rev John F Butts; preaching at 7 30 p m, subject, "The Happy Escape." Strangers and friends are welcome. Joseph Spells, pastor.

St Stewhen's A M E church, corner Fifth and Red Cross streets, Rev. E. J. Gregg pastor. Preaching to-day at 10:30 a m by Bishop W. J. Gaines, D D At 8 p m, Bishop B W Arnett D D, will deliver a special sermon to the Clyde Line stevedoors; Bishop Gains will preach at 7:30 p m. This is our pipe organ opening day. Special attention given to visitors by courteous ushers.

APPOINTMENTS

for Visitations by the Bishop of East Carolina.

Nov 24th, 1895—Sunday before Advent—Snow Hill, S. Barnabas.

Nov 28—Farmville, Emmanuel.

Dec 1st—1st Sunday in Advent—Lenoir county, Holy Innocents.

Dec 3rd—Tuesday—E P—Kinston, S Mary's.

Dec 6th—Friday—E P—Dawson's School House.

Dec 8th—3nd Sunday in Advent—M P—Pitt county, S John's.

Dec 8th—3nd Sunday in Advent—E P—Pitt county, S Michael's.

Dec 10th—Tuesday—E P—Greenville, S. Paul's.

Dec 13th—Friday—Vanceboro, S Paul's.

Dec. 15th—3rd Sunday in Advent—M P—Beaufort county, Zion church.

Dec 15th—3rd Sunday in Advent—E P—Washington, S Peter's.

Dec 17th—Tuesday—Chocowinity Beaufort county, Trinity Chapel.

Dec 19th—Thursday—E P—Hamilton, S Martin's.

Dec 23nd—Fourth Sunday in Advent—Gatesville, S Mary's.

Dec 25th—Christmas Day—Gates county, S Peter's.

Dec 26th—Thursday, Festival S Stephen—E P—Murfreesboro, S Barnabas.

Dec 29th—Sunday after Christmas—M P—Roxobel, S Mark's.

Dec 29th—Sunday after Christmas—E P—Woodville, Bertie county, Grace church.

Dec 31st—Tuesday—Windsor, S Thomas'.

Jan 1st, 1896—Wednesday—Festival of the Circumcision—E P—Plymouth, Grace Church.

Jan 3d—Friday—Williamston—Church of the Advent.

M P—Morning Prayer. E P—Evening Prayer.

Holy Communion at all morning services.

The children catechized when practicable.

The Vestries will pleased be prepared to meet the Bishop.

Offerings to be for Diocesan Missions.

APPOINTMENTS.

Wilmington District, W. S. Rone, P. E.

Brunswick circuit, Macedonia, Nov 23rd and 24th.

Southport Station, night, Nov 24th.

Clinton circuit, Clinton, Nov 30th and Dec 1st.

Bladen circuit, Windsor, Dec 7th and 8th.

Wilmington, Bladen Street, night, Dec 8th.

Henry E. Holmes, successor to Savage A Holmes, furniture manufacturers, Richmond, Va., has failed. The liabilities are placed at $30,000, and R. L. Montague is made trustee.

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Country Gentleman.

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While it also includes all minor departments of Rural interest, such as the Poultry Yard, Entomology, Bee Keeping, Greenhouse and Grapery, Veterinary Replies, Farm Questions and Answers, Fireside Reading, Domestic Economy, and a summary of the News of the Week. Its MARKET REPORTS are unusually complete, and much attention is paid to the Prospects of the Crops, as throwing light upon one of the most important of all questions—*When to Buy and When to Sell*. It is liberally Illustrated, and contains more reading matter than ever before. The subscriptio Price is $2.50 per car, but we offer a SPECIAL REDUCTION in our

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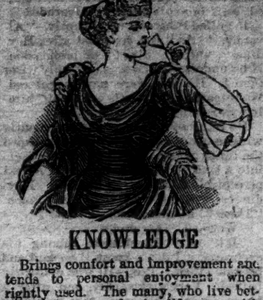

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and Improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Do you speculate? "Guide to Successful Speculation" mailed free. Wheat, provision, cotton and stock speculation on limited margins thoroughly explained. Correspondence solicited. Warren, Ford & Co., 11 Wall Street, New York. nov 24 1t*

"How to Speculate Successfully in Wheat, Cotton and Stocks." Mailed free. Send us your name and address. Comstock, Hughes & Co., Bankers and Brokers, No. 55 Broadway, New York. nov 24 1t*

Salesman wanted, $5 daily, no deliveries or collections, costly outfit free, side line or exclusive. Manufacturer, 2041 Market st., Phila. su 4t nov 24

Pigs feet cheaper than you can buy them anywhere else in the city. Best Sweet Potatoes 15c per peck, delivered anywhere in the city. Neill McKinnon, No. 3 South Water street. c21

Wanted—Several houses to rent for $8, $10, $12.50, $15 and $ 0 per month. I have several customers. W. M Cumming. we fr sa nov 20 3.*

$12 a day to agents selling the Royal White Metal Plater or taking orders for plating Trade-Secrets, formulas, receipts, etc., furnished free. A good agent can make two to three thousand dollars per year with the Royal Plater. For terms, etc., address Gray & Co., Plating Works, Columbus, Ohio. nov 19 tf

Wanted—Young Man of good reference to canvass city trade. Must be a good writer. No experience needed in canvassing. Address all city communications to H. L., care STAR office, with stamp and reference inclosed. nov 19 1w

Christmas Photographs—Beautiful Carbonettes, no gloss; regular Christo Photos, high gloss. No extra charge for resittings if you are not suited the first time Your patronage solicited and appreciated. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. nov 17 tf

Finest Oysters of the season can be had at the French Cafe on Princess street, between Front and Second, served in any style wanted, by A. P. Levy, proprietor. Call and see me for fine Wines, Whiskies, &c. nov 14 tf

Telephone 161. For best quality of Wood and Coal delivered any where in the city call up Telephone 161. John H. Whiteman & Son. nov 7 1m

Electrical Bicycle Bells applied to Bicycles by Howard & King, No. 101 Front and Market streets. sep 21 tf

Beer on draught and any drink known to American or French Saloonists. Free lunch from eleven a. m. until one o'clock and from five to seven o'clock p. m., at A. P. Levy's French Cafe, Princess street. sep 5 tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N C.

WILMINGTON Intelligence Bureau, Wilmington, N. C. Still in the lead for servants. Want one girl, White, German preferred, who will work for $8 per month, where she will have a home. R. B. Reardon, Prop. jy 7 tf

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, F. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Safes, Safes,

FROM $35 UP. FOR SALE LOW ONE double door combination Marvin Safe, weight 3,500. One Farmers Safe, weight 1,500. Also ten other new Safes of various makes and weights. Write or call on SAM'L BEAM, Sr.,
nov 22 tf 13 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

A Comfortable Shoe

Is a happy combination of fine leather, superiority in manufacture and a perfect fit. You can't be easy unless your feet are. Our "Old Gents' comfort's Shoe" at $3.00 will make you easy and comfortable.

Our Pointed Toe Lace Shoes at $2.50 and $3.00 will give you both style and comfort. Don't fail to see our new "HEALTH AND COMFORT" SHOE with a felt innersole. Try one pair and you'll wear no other.

Geo. R. French & Sons.
nov 17 tf

Executor's Notice.

HAVING ON THE 18TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1895, qualified before the Clerk of the Superior Court of New Hanover county as the Executrix of the last will and testament of Luhr Vollers, deceased, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to the estate of my said testator to make early payment, and to all persons having claims against said estate to present the same to me duly authenticated, on or before the 20th day of October, 1896.

Dated this the 18th day of October, 1895.

ELIZABETH VOLLERS,
Executrix of the last will and testament of Luhr Vollers, deceased. fr oct 19 6t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOHNSON & FORE

Call special attention to their ELEGANT LINE of

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—AND—
TRIMMINGS.

Our Millinery Department

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Hats, Bonnets, Ribbons,

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We have the only EXPERT TRIMMER in the city.

All orders are promptly and satisfactorily filled.

Johnson & Fore,

Importing Retailers,

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oct 27 tf

J. W. Murchison

Has now in stock a complete assortment of

Hardware

Tinware,

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In fact, the prudent buyer, who always wants the

Best Goods at the Lowest Prices,

Will find just what he wants in our large variety and assortment.

Don't forget that our leading points are

QUALITY, DURABILITY, RELIABILITY AND HONEST PRICES.

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Old Stand of Giles & Murchison, Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.
oct 25 tf

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Just received and on sale at $3.00 for Men's and $2.50 for Ladies', in both plain and corrugated bottoms. Specialties in

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And Infants' Soft Bottom Shoes. Also full lines of Ladies' and Gents', Misses', Boys' and Men's Fine and Coarse Shoes, at prices to suit these times.

All kinds of Leather. Different grades of Harness and Sole Leather, Calf Skins, Cut Top Lifts, and a full line of

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Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans.
nov 10 tf

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